Dive into the world of the northern leopard frog, a fascinating creature with a coat as spotted as the big cats of the jungle! These cool critters are medium-sized frogs, ranging from 2 to 4.5 inches long and come in shades of green and brown with distinctive, circular dark spots. Northern leopard frogs have white bellies and a white stripe that runs from their upper lip down to their shoulder. They have long legs, perfect for jumping and a small pointy snout that gives them a playful appearance.



Carrying on from their joyful appearance, these frogs also like

to play in different environments. Northern leopard frogs are found all over North America, from Canada down to Mexico, living in marshes, grasslands, and even your neighborhood pond. During the winter, they hibernate under the water, breathing through their skin. In the warmer months, they come out to sunbathe and enjoy the weather.

When they're not sunbathing or hibernating, northern leopard frogs lead quite the adventurous life. Their diet includes a buffet of beetles, ants, spiders, and even smaller frogs and birds. But life isn't always a feast for them, as they have to be careful of predators like snakes, birds, and even people who catch them for use in laboratories and classrooms. Their main form of defense is their quick and long jumps, which can confuse predators and give them a chance to escape.



Unlike some other frogs, northern leopard frogs have a unique way of growing up. Their life cycle starts as eggs laid in water, which then hatch into tadpoles. In about three months, these tadpoles transform into tiny frogs and by the end of the summer, they are fully grown. So there you have it, a peek into the life of northern leopard frogs - a truly interesting creature with a life as colorful as its skin.

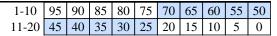


Northern Leopard Frog

#### Solve each problem. Use the article to answer the question. 1) What do northern leopard frogs eat? A. Fish, shrimps, and crabs B. Beetles, ants, spiders, frogs, and birds C. Seaweed, plankton, and algae D. Grass, leaves, and fruits 2) What is the main form of defense for northern leopard frogs? A. Playing dead B. Spitting poison C. Camouflaging with the environment D. Quick and long jumps 3) Who are some of the predators of the northern leopard frog? A. Sharks, dolphins, and whales B. Eagles, hawks, and vultures C. Snakes, birds, and people D. Lions, tigers, and bears 4) What color are the bellies of northern leopard frogs? A. Brown B. White C. Black D. Green 5) How do northern leopard frogs breathe underwater? A. Through special gills B. They don't breathe underwater C. Through their mouths D. Through their skin 6) What part of North America do northern leopard frogs live in? A. Western United States only B. Northeastern United States only C. From Canada down to Mexico D. Southern United States only 7) How long does it take for a tadpole to transform into a tiny frog? A. About three months B. One month C. One year D. Six months 8) Where do northern leopard frogs lay their eggs? A. In trees B. On the ground D. In water C. Underground 9) How do northern leopard frogs hibernate? A. In tree trunks B. Underwater C. In underground burrows D. They don't hibernate **10)** Are northern leopard frogs typically active during winter months? A. Yes B. No C. They are active year-round D. Only during warm spells 11) What is distinctive about the skin of northern leopard frogs? A. Their skin has stripes B. Their skin is smooth and shiny

C. Their skin has no pattern D. They have circular dark spots

# Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).



	Northern Leopard Frog Name:					
12)	"You know, a meal for us northern leopard frogs varies, from small insects and spiders to even smaller frogs and birds."					
13)	"My diet strictly comprises of plants, not insects or frogs."					
14)	"I am not found in North America, only in Asia."					
15)	) "Our legs? Oh they're short and stubby, not meant for jumping."					
16)	"Northern leopard frogs like me can be found in many places across North America, from Canada to Mexico."					
17)	"In winter, when it's too cold outside, I hibernate under the water!"					
<b>18</b> )	"My belly is dark green!"					

- **19)** "We survive the cold winter by climbing trees and hibernating there."
- 20) "We're born as fully formed little frogs, no tadpoles in our life cycle."
- 21) "We have white bellies with a white stripe that runs from our upper lip down to our shoulder."
- 22) "It takes us several years to transition from tadpoles into full grown frogs."
- 23) "I start life as a little egg in water, then grow into a tadpole before becoming a frog."
- 24) "I'm completely black with no spots at all."

### Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- **25)** Predators of the northern leopard frog primarily include snakes, birds, and humans.
- **26)** It is weird that northern leopard frogs can breathe through their skin.
- 27) Northern leopard frogs mostly consume other smaller forms of life like beetles, ants, spiders, and at times even smaller frogs.
- **28)** Northern leopard frogs look much more interesting than ordinary frogs because of their unique color patterns.
- **29)** Northern leopard frogs have circular dark spots all over their body.
- **30)** It is amazing how quickly a northern leopard frog can transform from a tadpole to a frog in just three months.
- 31) Northern leopard frog tadpoles take around three months to transform into miniature frogs.
- **32)** Northern leopard frogs have the ability to breathe through their skin.
- **33)** The way northern leopard frogs will eat other frogs is creepy.
- **34)** Marshes and grasslands, where northern leopard frogs live, are the best places to explore.

### Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **35)** Northern leopard frog eggs hatch into tadpoles.
- **36)** Northern leopard frogs have a diet which consist only of mosquitoes.
- **37)** Northern leopard frogs transform into tiny frogs in about 3 months.
- **38)** Northern leopard frogs are found only in Canada.
- **39**) Northern leopard frogs lay their eggs in the water.
- **40)** Northern leopard frogs are the largest type of frog in North America.
- **41**) Snakes and birds avoid northern leopard frogs.

		Northern Leopard Frog	Name:				
42)	Northern leopard frogs hi	bernate in the summer months.					
43)	Northern leopard frogs hi	bernate during the winter.					
44)	Northern leopard frog's d	iet includes smaller frogs and birds.					
Dete	ermine which choice is th	e expanded form of the underlined co	ontraction.				
45)	Northern leopard frogs do	<u>n't</u> live in the desert.					
	A. do n't	B. do not					
	C. did not	D. does not					
46)	Northern leopard frogs ca	<u>n't</u> survive in freezing temperatures.					
	A. cannot	B. could not					
	C. ca n't	D. can not					
47)	Northern leopard frogs do	<u>n't</u> live in just one type of habitat.					
	A. does not	B. cannot					
	C. did not	D. do not					
<b>48</b> )	Leopard frogs can't chang	e the color of their skin.					
	A. cannot	B. can					
	C. do not	D. will not					
<b>49</b> )	They're known for their u	nique dark spots.					
	A. They do	B. They were					
	C. They are	D. They have					

## Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- 50) During winter, northern leopard frogs hibernate and bury themselves in mud or leaves.
- 51) Can northern leopard frogs live outside of water?
- 52) Northern leopard frogs eat insects, worms, and small invertebrates.
- 53) Northern leopard frogs are found in North America.
- 54) What are the physical features of northern leopard frogs?
- **55)** Do northern leopard frogs hibernate during the winter?

	N	orthern Leopard Frog	Name:
1.	26.	51.	
2.	27.	52.	·
3.	28.	53.	·
4.	29.	54.	·
5.	30.	55.	
6.	31.		
7.	32.		
8	33.		
9.	34.		
10.	35.		
11			
12.	37.		
13.	38.		
14.	39.		
15.	40.		
16.	41.		
17	42.		
18.	43.		
19.	44.		
20.	45.		
21.	46.		
22.	47.		
23.	48.		
24.			
25.	50.		
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#### Solve each problem.

TT			
	the article to answer the question. What do northern leopard frogs eat?		
1)	A. Fish, shrimps, and crabs	Reetles and	ts, spiders, frogs, and birds
	C. Seaweed, plankton, and algae	Grass, leave	
	c. Seuweed, plankton, and argue	01u55, 10u v	co, una mano
2)	What is the main form of defense for northern		
	A. Playing dead	Spitting po	
	C. Camouflaging with the environment	Quick and	long jumps
3)	Who are some of the predators of the norther	opard frog?	
	A. Sharks, dolphins, and whales	Eagles, hav	vks, and vultures
	C. Snakes, birds, and people	Lions, tiger	s, and bears
4)	What color are the bellies of northern leopard	ogs?	
	A. Brown	White	
	C. Black	Green	
5)	How do northern leopard frogs breathe under	arl	
5)	A. Through special gills		breathe underwater
	C. Through their mouths	Through th	
	-	-	
6)	What part of North America do northern leop	-	
	A. Western United States only		n United States only
	C. From Canada down to Mexico	Southern U	nited States only
7)	How long does it take for a tadpole to transfo	into a tiny fr	og?
	A. About three months	One month	
	C. One year	Six months	
8)	Where do northern leopard frogs lay their egg		
	A. In trees	On the grou	ind
	C. Underground	In water	
9)	How do northern leopard frogs hibernate?		
-)	A. In tree trunks	Underwater	ſ
	C. In underground burrows	They don't	hibernate
10)		• ,	4 9
10)	Are northern leopard frogs typically active du A. Yes	g winter mor No	iths?
	C. They are active year-round		g warm spells
	e. They are active year-tound		5 warm spens
11)	What is distinctive about the skin of northern		<b>.</b>
	A. Their skin has stripes		s smooth and shiny
	C. Their skin has no pattern	They have	circular dark spots

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	Northern Leopard Frog	Name:	Answer Key			
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	Northern Leopard Frog				Answer Key
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Dot	rmine which choice is the expanded form of	, th	underlined contraction		
	Northern leopard frogs <u>don't</u> live in the desert.		e under mied contraction.		
<b>4</b> 3)			do not		
			does not		
<b>46</b> )	Northern leopard frogs can't survive in freezing	•	±		
	A. cannot	В.	could not		
	C. ca n't	D.	can not		
47)	Northern leopard frogs <u>don't</u> live in just one typ	pe	of habitat.		
		-	cannot		
	C. did not	D.	do not		
<b>48</b> )	Leopard frogs can't change the color of their sk	kin.			
- /			can		
	C. do not	D.	will not		
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)	I I	B.	They were		
	•		They have		
_		_			

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		N	orthern Leopard	d Frog		Name:	Answer Key
1.	В	26.	opinion	51.	interrogative	_	
2.	D	27.	fact	52.	declarative		
3.	C	28.	opinion	53.	declarative		
4.	В	29.	fact	54.	interrogative		
5.	<b>D</b>	30.	opinion	55.	interrogative	_	
6.	С	31.	fact				
7.	A	32.	fact				
8.	<b>D</b>	33.	opinion				
9.	В	34.	opinion				
10.	В	35.	true				
11.	D	36.	false				
12.	true	37.	true				
13.	false	38.	false				
14.	false	39.	true				
15.	false	40.	false				
16.	true	41.	false				
17.	true	42.	false				
18.	false	43.	true				
19.	false	44.	true				
20.	false	45.	В				
21.	true	46.	Α				
22.	false	47.	D				
23.	true	48.	Α				
24.	false	49.	С				
25.	fact	50.	declarative				
	Reading	www.Commo	nCoreSheets.com	Page	4 of 4		

Solv	e each problem.		
	the article to answer the question. What do northern leopard frogs eat? (paragraph 3 A. Fish, shrimps, and crabs C.		Beetles, ants, spiders, frogs, and birds
2)	What is the main form of defense for northern A. C.	B.	opard frogs? <sub>(paragraph 3)</sub> Spitting poison Quick and long jumps
3)	<ul><li>Who are some of the predators of the norther</li><li>A. Sharks, dolphins, and whales</li><li>C. Snakes, birds, and people</li></ul>	n leo B. D.	opard frog? (paragraph 3)
4)	What color are the bellies of northern leopard A. Brown C.		gs? (paragraph 1) White
5)	How do northern leopard frogs breathe under A. Through special gills C.	В.	er? (paragraph 2) They don't breathe underwater Through their skin
6)	<ul><li>What part of North America do northern leop</li><li>A.</li><li>C. From Canada down to Mexico</li></ul>		frogs live in? (paragraph 2) Northeastern United States only
7)	How long does it take for a tadpole to transfor A. About three months C.	rm i B. D.	into a tiny frog? (paragraph 4)
8)	Where do northern leopard frogs lay their egg A. In trees C.	В.	<sup>(paragraph 4)</sup> On the ground In water
9)	How do northern leopard frogs hibernate? (par A. C.		<sup>h 2)</sup> Underwater
10)	Are northern leopard frogs typically active du A. C.		g winter months? (paragraph 2) No
11)	What is distinctive about the skin of northern A. C.	В.	pard frogs? (paragraph 1) Their skin is smooth and shiny They have circular dark spots

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).



**12)** "You know, a meal for us northern leopard frogs varies, from small insects and spiders to even smaller frogs and birds." (paragraph 3)

