Dive into the world of the northern leopard frog, a fascinating creature with a coat as spotted as the big cats of the jungle! These cool critters are medium-sized frogs, ranging from 2 to 4.5 inches long and come in shades of green and brown with distinctive, circular dark spots. Northern leopard frogs have white bellies and a white stripe that runs from their upper lip down to their shoulder. They have long legs, perfect for jumping and a small pointy snout that gives them a playful appearance.



Carrying on from their joyful appearance, these frogs also like

to play in different environments. Northern leopard frogs are found all over North America, from Canada down to Mexico, living in marshes, grasslands, and even your neighborhood pond. During the winter, they hibernate under the water, breathing through their skin. In the warmer months, they come out to sunbathe and enjoy the weather.

When they're not sunbathing or hibernating, northern leopard frogs lead quite the adventurous life. Their diet includes a buffet of beetles, ants, spiders, and even smaller frogs and birds. But life isn't always a feast for them, as they have to be careful of predators like snakes, birds, and even people who catch them for use in laboratories and classrooms. Their main form of defense is their quick and long jumps, which can confuse predators and give them a chance to escape.



Unlike some other frogs, northern leopard frogs have a unique way of growing up. Their life cycle starts as eggs laid in water, which then hatch into tadpoles. In about three months, these tadpoles transform into tiny frogs and by the end of the summer, they are fully grown. So there you have it, a peek into the life of northern leopard frogs - a truly interesting creature with a life as colorful as its skin.

_	
HI	:

Northern Leopard Frog

Solv	e each problem.	
	<ul><li>the article to answer the question.</li><li>What do northern leopard frogs eat?</li><li>A. Beetles, ants, spiders, frogs, and birds</li><li>C. Seaweed, plankton, and algae</li></ul>	<ul><li>B. Fish, shrimps, and crabs</li><li>D. Grass, leaves, and fruits</li></ul>
2)	<ul><li>What is the main form of defense for northern</li><li>A. Quick and long jumps</li><li>C. Playing dead</li></ul>	n leopard frogs? B. Camouflaging with the environment D. Spitting poison
3)	<ul><li>Who are some of the predators of the northern</li><li>A. Snakes, birds, and people</li><li>C. Lions, tigers, and bears</li></ul>	n leopard frog? B. Sharks, dolphins, and whales D. Eagles, hawks, and vultures
4)	<ul><li>What color are the bellies of northern leopard</li><li>A. Green</li><li>C. Brown</li></ul>	l frogs? B. White D. Black
5)	<ul><li>How do northern leopard frogs breathe under</li><li>A. They don't breathe underwater</li><li>C. Through their skin</li></ul>	water? B. Through special gills D. Through their mouths
6)	<ul><li>What part of North America do northern leop</li><li>A. Northeastern United States only</li><li>C. Southern United States only</li></ul>	ard frogs live in? B. Western United States only D. From Canada down to Mexico
7)	<ul><li>How long does it take for a tadpole to transfor</li><li>A. One month</li><li>C. Six months</li></ul>	rm into a tiny frog? B. About three months D. One year
8)	Where do northern leopard frogs lay their egg A. In trees C. In water	gs? B. On the ground D. Underground
9)	How do northern leopard frogs hibernate? A. In underground burrows C. They don't hibernate	<ul><li>B. In tree trunks</li><li>D. Underwater</li></ul>
10)	Are northern leopard frogs typically active du A. No C. Yes	B. They are active year-round D. Only during warm spells
11)	<ul><li>What is distinctive about the skin of northern</li><li>A. They have circular dark spots</li><li>C. Their skin has stripes</li></ul>	<ul><li>leopard frogs?</li><li>B. Their skin is smooth and shiny</li><li>D. Their skin has no pattern</li></ul>

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

Page 2 of 5

	Northern Leopard Frog Name:
12)	"You know, a meal for us northern leopard frogs varies, from small insects and spiders to even smaller frogs and birds."
13)	"My diet strictly comprises of plants, not insects or frogs."
14)	"I am not found in North America, only in Asia."
15)	"Our legs? Oh they're short and stubby, not meant for jumping."
16)	"Northern leopard frogs like me can be found in many places across North America, from Canada to Mexico."
17)	"In winter, when it's too cold outside, I hibernate under the water!"
18)	"My belly is dark green!"

- **19)** "We survive the cold winter by climbing trees and hibernating there."
- 20) "We're born as fully formed little frogs, no tadpoles in our life cycle."
- 21) "We have white bellies with a white stripe that runs from our upper lip down to our shoulder."
- 22) "It takes us several years to transition from tadpoles into full grown frogs."
- 23) "I start life as a little egg in water, then grow into a tadpole before becoming a frog."
- 24) "I'm completely black with no spots at all."

### Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- **25)** Predators of the northern leopard frog primarily include snakes, birds, and humans.
- **26)** It is weird that northern leopard frogs can breathe through their skin.
- 27) Northern leopard frogs mostly consume other smaller forms of life like beetles, ants, spiders, and at times even smaller frogs.
- **28)** Northern leopard frogs look much more interesting than ordinary frogs because of their unique color patterns.
- **29)** Northern leopard frogs have circular dark spots all over their body.
- **30)** It is amazing how quickly a northern leopard frog can transform from a tadpole to a frog in just three months.
- 31) Northern leopard frog tadpoles take around three months to transform into miniature frogs.
- **32)** Northern leopard frogs have the ability to breathe through their skin.
- **33)** The way northern leopard frogs will eat other frogs is creepy.
- **34)** Marshes and grasslands, where northern leopard frogs live, are the best places to explore.

### Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **35)** Northern leopard frog eggs hatch into tadpoles.
- **36)** Northern leopard frogs have a diet which consist only of mosquitoes.
- **37)** Northern leopard frogs transform into tiny frogs in about 3 months.
- **38)** Northern leopard frogs are found only in Canada.
- **39**) Northern leopard frogs lay their eggs in the water.
- **40)** Northern leopard frogs are the largest type of frog in North America.
- **41**) Snakes and birds avoid northern leopard frogs.

		Northern Leopard Frog	Name:					
		Name.						
42)	Northern leopard frogs hi	bernate in the summer months.						
43)	Northern leopard frogs hibernate during the winter.							
44)	Northern leopard frog's d	iet includes smaller frogs and birds.						
Dete	ermine which choice is the	e expanded form of the underlined co	ontraction.					
45)	Northern leopard frogs do	o <u>n't</u> live in the desert.						
	A. do n't	B. do not						
	C. did not	D. does not						
46)	Northern leopard frogs ca	<u>n't</u> survive in freezing temperatures.						
	A. cannot	B. could not						
	C. ca n't	D. can not						
47)	Northern leopard frogs do	n <u>'t</u> live in just one type of habitat.						
	A. does not	B. cannot						
	C. did not	D. do not						
<b>48</b> )	Leopard frogs can't chang	e the color of their skin.						
	A. cannot	B. can						
	C. do not	D. will not						
<b>49</b> )	They're known for their up	nique dark spots.						
	A. They do	B. They were						
	C. They are	D. They have						

## Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- 50) During winter, northern leopard frogs hibernate and bury themselves in mud or leaves.
- 51) Can northern leopard frogs live outside of water?
- 52) Northern leopard frogs eat insects, worms, and small invertebrates.
- 53) Northern leopard frogs are found in North America.
- 54) What are the physical features of northern leopard frogs?
- **55)** Do northern leopard frogs hibernate during the winter?

1. 2.	26 27.			
2.	27.		51.	
			52.	
3.	28.		53	
4.	29.		54.	
5.	30.		55	
6.	31.			
7.	32.			
8.	33.			
9.	34.			
10.	35.			
11.	36.			
12.	37.			
13.	38.			
14.	39.			
15.	40.			
16.	41.			
17.	42.			
18.	43.			
19.	44.			
20.	45.			
21.	46.			
22.	47.			
23.	48.			
24.	49.			
25.	50. Reading	onCoreSheets.com	Page 5 of 5	 

Dive into the world of the northern leopard frog, a fascinating creature with a coat as spotted as the big cats of the jungle! These cool critters are medium-sized frogs, ranging from 2 to 4.5 inches long and come in shades of green and brown with distinctive, circular dark spots. Northern leopard frogs have white bellies and a white stripe that runs from their upper lip down to their shoulder. They have long legs, perfect for jumping and a small pointy snout that gives them a playful appearance.



Carrying on from their joyful appearance, these frogs also like

to play in different environments. Northern leopard frogs are found all over North America, from Canada down to Mexico, living in marshes, grasslands, and even your neighborhood pond. During the winter, they hibernate under the water, breathing through their skin. In the warmer months, they come out to sunbathe and enjoy the weather.

When they're not sunbathing or hibernating, northern leopard frogs lead quite the adventurous life. Their diet includes a buffet of beetles, ants, spiders, and even smaller frogs and birds. But life isn't always a feast for them, as they have to be careful of predators like snakes, birds, and even people who catch them for use in laboratories and classrooms. Their main form of defense is their quick and long jumps, which can confuse predators and give them a chance to escape.



Unlike some other frogs, northern leopard frogs have a unique way of growing up. Their life cycle starts as eggs laid in water, which then hatch into tadpoles. In about three months, these tadpoles transform into tiny frogs and by the end of the summer, they are fully grown. So there you have it, a peek into the life of northern leopard frogs - a truly interesting creature with a life as colorful as its skin.

Solve	each	problem.
DUITE	caun	provicin.

Solv	e each problem.		
	<ul><li>the article to answer the question.</li><li>What do northern leopard frogs eat?</li><li>A. Beetles, ants, spiders, frogs, and birds</li><li>C. Seaweed, plankton, and algae</li></ul>		Fish, shrimps, and crabs Grass, leaves, and fruits
2)	<ul><li>What is the main form of defense for northern</li><li>A. Quick and long jumps</li><li>C. Playing dead</li></ul>	B.	opard frogs? Camouflaging with the environment Spitting poison
3)	<ul><li>Who are some of the predators of the northern</li><li>A. Snakes, birds, and people</li><li>C. Lions, tigers, and bears</li></ul>	B.	opard frog? Sharks, dolphins, and whales Eagles, hawks, and vultures
4)	<ul><li>What color are the bellies of northern leopard</li><li>A. Green</li><li>C. Brown</li></ul>	B.	gs? White Black
5)	<ul><li>How do northern leopard frogs breathe under</li><li>A. They don't breathe underwater</li><li>C. Through their skin</li></ul>	B.	er? Through special gills Through their mouths
6)	<ul><li>What part of North America do northern leop</li><li>A. Northeastern United States only</li><li>C. Southern United States only</li></ul>	B.	frogs live in? Western United States only From Canada down to Mexico
7)	How long does it take for a tadpole to transfo A. One month C. Six months	B.	into a tiny frog? About three months One year
8)	Where do northern leopard frogs lay their egg A. In trees C. In water	B.	On the ground Underground
9)	<ul><li>How do northern leopard frogs hibernate?</li><li>A. In underground burrows</li><li>C. They don't hibernate</li></ul>		In tree trunks Underwater
10)	Are northern leopard frogs typically active du A. No C. Yes	В.	g winter months? They are active year-round Only during warm spells
11)	<ul><li>What is distinctive about the skin of northern</li><li>A. They have circular dark spots</li><li>C. Their skin has stripes</li></ul>	В.	pard frogs? Their skin is smooth and shiny Their skin has no pattern

# Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

	Northern Leopard Frog	Name:	Answer Key
12)	"You know, a meal for us northern leopard frogs varies, from small insects a even smaller frogs and birds."	and spider	s to
13)	"My diet strictly comprises of plants, not insects or frogs."		
14)	"I am not found in North America, only in Asia."		
15)	"Our legs? Oh they're short and stubby, not meant for jumping."		
16)	"Northern leopard frogs like me can be found in many places across North A Canada to Mexico."	America, fi	rom
17)	"In winter, when it's too cold outside, I hibernate under the water!"		
<b>18</b> )	"My belly is dark green!"		
<b>19</b> )	"We survive the cold winter by climbing trees and hibernating there."		

- **20**) "We're born as fully formed little frogs, no tadpoles in our life cycle."
- 21) "We have white bellies with a white stripe that runs from our upper lip down to our shoulder."
- 22) "It takes us several years to transition from tadpoles into full grown frogs."
- 23) "I start life as a little egg in water, then grow into a tadpole before becoming a frog."
- 24) "I'm completely black with no spots at all."

#### Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 25) Predators of the northern leopard frog primarily include snakes, birds, and humans.
- 26) It is weird that northern leopard frogs can breathe through their skin.
- 27) Northern leopard frogs mostly consume other smaller forms of life like beetles, ants, spiders, and at times even smaller frogs.
- **28)** Northern leopard frogs look much more interesting than ordinary frogs because of their unique color patterns.
- **29)** Northern leopard frogs have circular dark spots all over their body.
- **30)** It is amazing how quickly a northern leopard frog can transform from a tadpole to a frog in just three months.
- 31) Northern leopard frog tadpoles take around three months to transform into miniature frogs.
- 32) Northern leopard frogs have the ability to breathe through their skin.
- 33) The way northern leopard frogs will eat other frogs is creepy.
- 34) Marshes and grasslands, where northern leopard frogs live, are the best places to explore.

#### Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **35)** Northern leopard frog eggs hatch into tadpoles.
- **36)** Northern leopard frogs have a diet which consist only of mosquitoes.
- 37) Northern leopard frogs transform into tiny frogs in about 3 months.
- **38)** Northern leopard frogs are found only in Canada.
- **39)** Northern leopard frogs lay their eggs in the water.
- **40**) Northern leopard frogs are the largest type of frog in North America.
- **41**) Snakes and birds avoid northern leopard frogs.

	Northern Leopa	rd Frog	5	Name:	Answer Key			
<b>42</b> )	2) Northern leopard frogs hibernate in the summer months.							
43)	Northern leopard frogs hibernate during the w	inter.						
<b>44</b> )	Northern leopard frog's diet includes smaller f	rogs and	birds.					
Dot	rmine which choice is the expanded form of	the und	orlinad contraction					
	Northern leopard frogs <u>don't</u> live in the desert.	ine unu	er inten contraction.					
<b>4</b> 3)		3. do no	ot					
		D. does						
<b>46</b> )	Northern leopard frogs can't survive in freezing	· ·						
	A. cannot	B. could	l not					
	C. ca n't	D. can r	iot					
47)	Northern leopard frogs <u>don't</u> live in just one typ	be of hat	oitat.					
		B. cann						
	C. did not	D. do no	ot					
<b>48</b> )	Leopard frogs can't change the color of their sk	in.						
- /		B. can						
	C. do not	D. will i	not					
<b>49</b> )	They're known for their unique dark spots.							
)	I I	3. They	were					
	•	D. They						
_								

# Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- 50) During winter, northern leopard frogs hibernate and bury themselves in mud or leaves.
- 51) Can northern leopard frogs live outside of water?
- 52) Northern leopard frogs eat insects, worms, and small invertebrates.
- 53) Northern leopard frogs are found in North America.
- 54) What are the physical features of northern leopard frogs?
- 55) Do northern leopard frogs hibernate during the winter?

		N	orthern Leopare	d Frog		Name:	Answer Key
1.	Α	26.	opinion	51.	interrogative		
2.	A	27.	fact	52.	declarative		
3.	A	28.	opinion	53.	declarative		
4.	В	29.	fact	54.	interrogative		
5.	С	30.	opinion	55.	interrogative		
6.	D	31.	fact				
7.	В	32.	fact				
8.	С	33.	opinion				
9.	D	34.	opinion				
10.	A	35.	true				
11.	A	36.	false				
12.	true	37.	true				
13.	false	38.	false				
14.	false	39.	true				
15.	false	40.	false				
16.	true	41.	false				
17.	true	42.	false				
18.	false	43.	true				
19.	false	44.	true				
20.	false	45.	В				
21.	true	46.	A				
22.	false	47.	D				
23.	true	48.	Α				
24.	false	49.	С				
25.	fact	50.	declarative				
	Reading	www.Commo	nCoreSheets.com	Page	4 of 4		

7

### Solve each problem.

3010	e each problem.		
	the article to answer the question. What do northern leopard frogs eat? (paragraph 3 A. Beetles, ants, spiders, frogs, and birds C.		Fish, shrimps, and crabs
2)	What is the main form of defense for northern A. Quick and long jumps C.	n leo B. D.	opard frogs? (paragraph 3)
3)	Who are some of the predators of the northern A. Snakes, birds, and people C.		opard frog? (paragraph 3) Sharks, dolphins, and whales
4)	What color are the bellies of northern leopard A. Green C.		gs? (paragraph 1) White
5)	<ul><li>How do northern leopard frogs breathe under</li><li>A. They don't breathe underwater</li><li>C. Through their skin</li></ul>	wat B. D.	er? (paragraph 2)
6)	What part of North America do northern leop A. C.	В.	frogs live in? (paragraph 2) Western United States only From Canada down to Mexico
7)	How long does it take for a tadpole to transfo A. One month C.		About three months
8)	Where do northern leopard frogs lay their egg A. C. In water		on the ground
9)	How do northern leopard frogs hibernate? (par A. In underground burrows C.	В.	h 2) Underwater
10)	Are northern leopard frogs typically active du A. No C.		g winter months? (paragraph 2) They are active year-round
11)	What is distinctive about the skin of northern A. They have circular dark spots C.		pard frogs? <sub>(paragraph 1)</sub> Their skin is smooth and shiny

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).



**12)** "You know, a meal for us northern leopard frogs varies, from small insects and spiders to even smaller frogs and birds." (paragraph 3)

