Let's jump right in and meet an amazing little creature, the tree frog! These small, often brightly colored amphibians are quite a sight to behold. They have sticky pads on their toes which help them to climb trees and other surfaces. Some of them can even change colors to blend in with their surroundings, isn't that cool?

Speaking of surroundings, tree frogs can be found all over the world, from the jungles of Central and South America to the forests of Asia and Australia. They love damp, humid places where they can easily find food. Being carnivorous, they munch on insects, spiders, and sometimes even small invertebrates. In fact, they're great pals to us humans because they help control the insect population!



From being insect munchers, let's hop over to their life cycle. Tree frogs undergo a process called metamorphosis which starts from an egg, then a tadpole, and eventually transforms into a fully grown frog. During this process, they undergo incredible changes in their body, like developing lungs to breathe air and legs to hop around. Unlike some other animals, tree frogs spend their entire life cycle in or near their home trees.



Now, you might be wondering how tree frogs keep themselves safe in the wild, right? Well, they have quite a few tricks up their sleeve! Some tree frogs secrete a toxic substance from their skin as a defense mechanism against predators. So, while they might look cute and harmless, tree frogs are hardy little survivors in the wild, each one leaping and thriving in its own unique way.



Trac Erec

	Tree F	rog	Name:
Solv	e each problem.		
Use	the article to answer the question.		
	Where can tree frogs be found?		
	A. Only in Africa	В.	Only in the desert
	C. Only on islands	D.	All over the world
2)	What do tree frogs eat?		
	A. Grass, seeds, and dirt	B.	Insects, spiders, and small
		-	invertebrates
	C. Leaves, fruits, and nuts	D.	Birds, lemurs, and mice
3)	How do some tree frogs keep themselves sat	fe in	the wild?
	A. They secrete a toxic substance		They play dead
	C. They make a high pitched croak	D.	They pretend to be a leaf
4)	Can all tree frogs change colors?		
	A. All of them can		None of them can
	C. Only the males can	D.	Some of them can
5)	What helps tree frogs to climb trees and othe	er sui	rfaces?
	A. Their toes have tiny sharp hairs	В.	They have sharp claws on each toe
	C. They have a strong grip	D.	Sticky pads on their toes
6)	What is the process called when a tree frog t	ranst	forms from an egg to a fully grown frog?
	A. Metastasis	В.	Metabolism
	C. Mutation	D.	Metamorphosis
7)	What type of diet do tree frogs follow?		
	A. Frugivorous	В.	Omnivorous
	C. Carnivorous	D.	Herbivorous
8)	Why are tree frogs considered helpful to hur	nans	?
	A. They make good pets	B.	They help control the insect
			population
	C. They sing melodious songs	D.	They help spread seeds
9)	Are tree frogs strong swimmers?		
	A. They prefer not to swim		Some can swim, some can't
	C. No, they can't swim at all	D.	Yes, tree frogs are great swimmers
10)	What type of places do tree frogs love?		
	A. Damp, humid places		Cold, icy places
	C. Dry, hot places	D.	Open, windy places

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

"Our skin contains unique chemicals that are not only colorful but also helps us to stay 11) safe from predators by tasting or smelling bad."

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1-10										
11-20	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	5	0

	Tree Frog Name:
12)	"You wouldn't believe how sticky my toes are, they help me cling onto slippery surfaces!"
13)	"My colorful skin helps me blend in with my surroundings, it's like having a built-in camouflage!"
14)	"I'm a strict vegetarian. Bugs? No, thank you!"
15)	"You'll always find me in damp, humid places with lots of insects, they are my favorite food source!"
16)	"I like to eat fruits and vegetables."
17)	"I'm a carnivore, which means my diet consists mostly of insects, spiders, and sometimes even other small creatures!"
18)	"Metamorphosis, what's that? We are born as fully grown frogs."
19)	"We prefer to live in dry, desert places because we can find the best food there."
20)	"I don't have any defense mechanism. If a threat comes, I just hope for the best."
Dete	ermine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.
21)	Some tree frogs produce a toxic substance from their skin as a defense mechanism.
22)	The way tree frogs secrete a toxic substance from their skin as a defense is very scary.
23)	Tree frogs eat insects, spiders, and sometimes small invertebrates.
24)	Tree frogs are the cutest creatures with their tiny bodies and big eyes.
25)	Tree frogs are found in various parts across the world, like Asia and Australia.
26)	Tree frogs are amazing because they have the ability to climb up trees unlike many other frogs.
27)	Tree frogs have toes that have sticky pads which help them to climb trees and other surfaces.
28)	Tree frogs prefer living in moist and humid places.
29)	It's interesting that some tree frogs can live in such different habitats, from the jungles to the forests.
30)	Watching a tree frog catch and eat an insect is really cool.
Dete	ermine if the statement is true or false.
31)	Tree frogs are carnivorous.
32)	Tree frogs like to spend their time in dry habitats.
33)	Tree frogs are found in forests as well as jungles.
34)	Tree frogs eat only plants and seeds.
35)	Tree frogs in some cases can change their colors.
36)	Tree frogs are not capable of changing colors.
37)	Tree frogs can only be found in North America.
38)	Tree frogs spend most of their life at the bottom of lakes and rivers.
39)	Tree frogs survive by secreting a toxic substance from their skin.
40)	Tree frogs have sticky pads on their toes.
Dete	ermine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.

	Tree Fro	λα		Name:
<u>41</u>)	Tree frogs won't just eat insects, they'll also ea	0	niders too	Name.
41)			will not	
	C. did not	D.	can not	
42)	Many tree frogs can't survive in cold temperat	ure	s.	
	A. cannot	B.	would not	
	C. should not	D.	can not	
43)	Tree frogs <u>don't</u> make much noise during the d	lay		
	A. cannot	B.	does not	
	C. will not	D.	do not	
44)	Tree frogs <u>haven't</u> got teeth to chew their food	•		
	A. have not	B.	cannot	
	C. are not	D.	do not	
45)	Tree frogs shouldn't be handled too much beca	aus	e it might stress them out.	
	A. ought not	B.	cannot	
	C. should not	D.	will not	
D -4	uning if the contourse is a declaration (d) and	1	·····	

Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **46**) Tree frogs are active at night and sleep during the day.
- **47)** How do tree frogs protect themselves from predators?
- **48)** Tree frogs come in many different colors, such as green, blue, red, and yellow.
- **49**) Tree frogs have special sticky pads on their feet that help them climb trees.
- **50**) Do tree frogs have any predators?
- 51) How do tree frogs catch their food?

	Tree Frog	Name:
1	26	51.
2.	27	
3.	28	
4	29.	
5	30.	
6	31	
7.	32.	
8.	33.	
9.	34	
10.	35.	
11	36	
12.	37	
13.	38.	
14.	39.	
15	40.	
16.	41.	
17	42.	
18.	43.	
19.	44.	
20.	45.	
21.	46	
22 23.		
23	48	
25.	50.	
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Tree Frog

Name: **Answer Key**

Solv	e each problem.	
Use	the article to answer the question.	
1)	Where can tree frogs be found?A. Only in AfricaC. Only on islands	B. Only in the desertD. All over the world
2)	What do tree frogs eat? A. Grass, seeds, and dirt	B. Insects, spiders, and small invertebrates
	C. Leaves, fruits, and nuts	D. Birds, lemurs, and mice
3)	How do some tree frogs keep themselves safeA. They secrete a toxic substanceC. They make a high pitched croak	e in the wild? B. They play dead D. They pretend to be a leaf
4)	Can all tree frogs change colors?A. All of them canC. Only the males can	B. None of them canD. Some of them can
5)	What helps tree frogs to climb trees and otherA. Their toes have tiny sharp hairsC. They have a strong grip	r surfaces? B. They have sharp claws on each toe D. Sticky pads on their toes
6)	What is the process called when a tree frog trA. MetastasisC. Mutation	ansforms from an egg to a fully grown frog? B. Metabolism D. Metamorphosis
7)	What type of diet do tree frogs follow?A. FrugivorousC. Carnivorous	B. OmnivorousD. Herbivorous
8)	Why are tree frogs considered helpful to hum A. They make good pets	B. They help control the insect population
	C. They sing melodious songs	D. They help spread seeds
9)	Are tree frogs strong swimmers?A. They prefer not to swimC. No, they can't swim at all	B. Some can swim, some can'tD. Yes, tree frogs are great swimmers
10)	What type of places do tree frogs love?A. Damp, humid placesC. Dry, hot places	B. Cold, icy placesD. Open, windy places

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "Our skin contains unique chemicals that are not only colorful but also helps us to stay safe from predators by tasting or smelling bad."

	Tree Frog Name:	Answer	Key							
12)	"You wouldn't believe how sticky my toes are, they help me cling onto slippery surfaces	s!"								
13)	"My colorful skin helps me blend in with my surroundings, it's like having a built-in camouflage!"									
14)	"I'm a strict vegetarian. Bugs? No, thank you!"	"I'm a strict vegetarian. Bugs? No, thank you!"								
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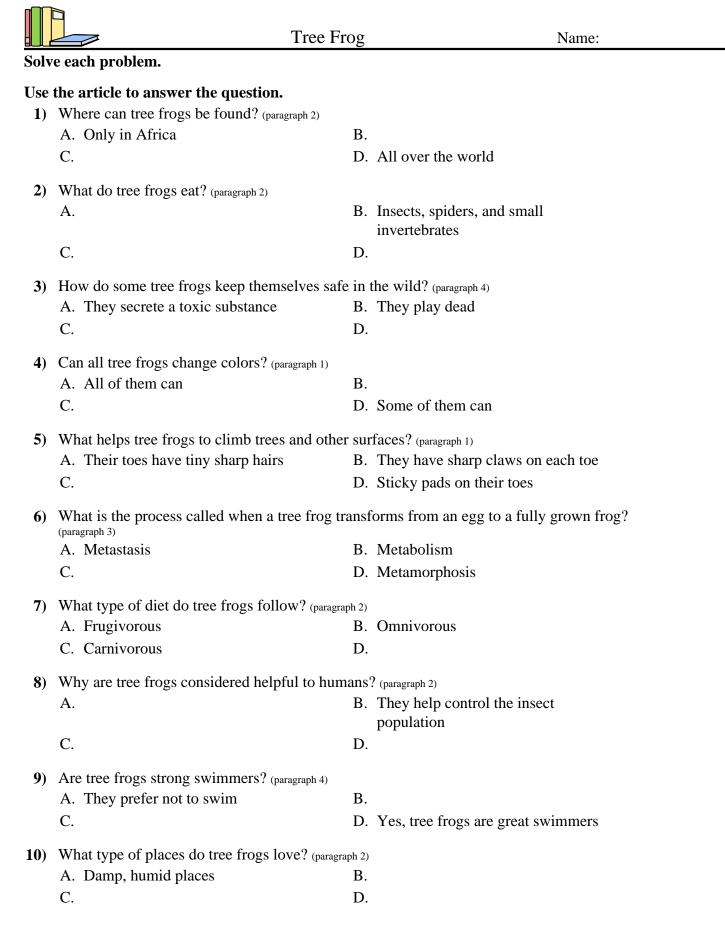
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	Tree Frog	g		Name:	Answer Key			
41)	Tree frogs <u>won't</u> just eat insects, they'll also eat spiders too.							
	A. do not H	3.	will not					
	C. did not	Э.	can not					
42)	Many tree frogs <u>can't</u> survive in cold temperatu	re	s.					
	A. cannot	3.	would not					
	C. should not	Э.	can not					
43)	Tree frogs don't make much noise during the da	ay						
	A. cannot	3.	does not					
	C. will not	Э.	do not					
44)	Tree frogs haven't got teeth to chew their food.							
	A. have not H	3.	cannot					
	C. are not	D.	do not					
45)	Tree frogs shouldn't be handled too much becau	us	e it might stress them out.					
	A. ought not	3.	cannot					
	C. should not I	Э.	will not					
D (

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			Tree Frog			Name:	Answer Key
1.	D	26.	opinion	51.	interrogative		
2.	В	27.	fact				
3.	A	28.	fact				
4.	D	29.	opinion				
5.	D	30.	opinion				
6.	D	31.	true				
7.	С	32.	false				
8.	В	33.	true				
9.	D	34.	false				
10.	A	35.	true				
11.	true	36.	false				
12.	true	37	false				
13.	true	38.	false				
14.	false	<u> </u>	true				
15.	true	40.	true				
16.	false	41.	В				
17.	true	42.	Α				
18.	false	43.	D				
19.	false	44.	Α				
20.	false	45.	С				
21.	fact	46.	declarative				
22.	opinion	47.	interrogative				
23.	fact	48.	declarative				
24.	opinion	49.	declarative				
25.	fact	50.	interrogative				
		ww.Commo	nCoreSheets.com	Page 4	4 of 4		



Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).



Tree Frog	,
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- **11)** "Our skin contains unique chemicals that are not only colorful but also helps us to stay safe from predators by tasting or smelling bad." (paragraph 4)
- 12) "You wouldn't believe how sticky my toes are, they help me cling onto slippery surfaces!" (paragraph 1)