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Speaking of dancing, swans have some pretty interesting ways of living too. They can be found all over the world, from the cold climates of Canada and Russia to the warm areas of Australia and Africa. Swans like to live near water, like lakes and ponds, where they can swim, fish and even sleep! In fact, they are excellent swimmers and divers, using their strong legs and webbed feet to move through the water.



Just like us, swans have their favorite food too! Swans are omnivorous, which means they eat both plants and small animals. They love to munch on aquatic plants, grasses, and grains, but they also eat insects, fish, and small water animals when they can catch them. Swans are not picky eaters, but they do prefer to eat in the water where they can use their long necks to reach food.



Now, let's paddle further into the swan's life cycle and their relationship with humans and other animals. Swans usually mate for life and both parents take care of the eggs and cygnets (baby swans). Humans and swans have a long history together, with swans often appearing in our stories and art, but we need to remember to respect them and their habitats. And remember, while swans are generally peaceful animals, they can be very protective of their young and will use their strong wings to defend themselves if they feel threatened.

Swan
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		an	Name:
Solv	ve each problem.		
Use	the article to answer the question.		
1)	Are swans found all over the world?		
	A. No, swans are only found in America.	В.	No, swans are only found in warm areas.
	C. Yes, swans are found all over the world.	D.	No, swans are only found in cold areas.
2)	Do swans usually mate for life? Who takes	care c	of the eggs and cygnets?
	A. Yes, they mate for life but only one parent takes care of the eggs and cygnets	B.	They don't mate for life but both parents take care of the eggs and cygnets
	C. No, they don't mate for life and only one parent takes care of the eggs and cygnets	D.	Yes, they mate for life and both parents take care of the eggs and cygnets
3)	Do all swans have white feathers?		
,	A. Yes	B.	Swans have feathers of different colors when they are born and they turn white as they grow
	C. Only baby swans have white feathers	D.	No
<b>4</b> )	Which best describes swans eating habits?		
-	A. Swans are herbivores.	B	Swans are omnivores
	C. Swans do not eat.		Swans are carnivores.
5)	Are swans generally peaceful animals?	л	
	A. Only the females are peaceful		Only the males are peaceful
	C. No	D.	Yes
6)	Where do swans prefer to eat?		
	A. Swans eat in the sky while flying.	В.	Swans prefer to eat in the water.
	C. Swans prefer to eat in trees.	D.	Swans prefer to eat on land in their nests.
7)	When will swans defend themselves?		
- /	A. Only during mating season	B.	When they are playing around
	C. When they are searching for food		When they feel threatened
0)			5
8)	What are baby swans called?	л	
	<ul><li>A. Baby swans are called calf.</li><li>C. Baby swans are called ducklings.</li></ul>		Baby swans are called cygnets.
			Baby swans are called chicks.

		Swan	Name:	
9)	What are swans known for?			
	A. Their short, straight necks and colorful feathers	B.	Their small, round bodies and long, spiky feathers	
	C. Their long, curved beaks and webb feet	bed D.	Their long, curved necks and soft, white feathers	

### Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- **10**) "Did you know we make good parents? Both males and females take care of the eggs and cygnets."
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- 12) "Not all of us are white you know. Some of us have black or black and white feathers."
- 13) "I don't eat plants."

- 14) "I always eat in water. My long neck is perfect for reaching food there."
- 15) "I can only be found in the warm areas of Australia and Africa."
- 16) "I don't need water, I prefer living on dry land."
- 17) "While I'm mostly vegetarian, I do like a good seafood dish like fish."
- 18) "I love munching on aquatic plants like grass and grains."
- **19)** "Did you know swans mate for life? That's right, once we choose a partner, we stay together."
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- 21) "Water is my favorite place to be! I swim, fish and even sleep here."
- 22) "We never live in warm climates."
- 23) "I have a long, curved neck that make me stand out."
- 24) "We can't be found in cold climates."
- 25) "We swans don't take care of our eggs we lay them and then leave."
- 26) "Unlike a lot of birds you can find me even in the cold areas of Russia and Canada."

### Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 27) It's fascinating that swans can sleep while floating on water.
- 28) It is incredible that swans can use their strong wings to defend themselves.
- **29)** It is pretty impressive that swans can live all over the world, even in cold places like Canada and Russia.
- 30) Swans come in more colors than just white: some swans are black or even black and white.
- 31) Swans are scary because they can be very protective of their young.
- 32) Swans are omnivorous, which means they eat both plants and small animals.
- **33**) Swans' white feathers make them look even more beautiful.
- **34)** While swans are generally calm animals, they can become very defensive and protective of their young.

#### Determine if the statement is true or false.



Swan

- **35**) Both male and female swans will take care of the eggs.
- **36)** All swans are white.
- **37**) Swans are omnivorous.
- **38)** Swans cannot fly because of their weight.
- **39)** Swans are excellent swimmers and divers.
- 40) Swans spend most of their time on land or in the air as they are unable to swim.
- 41) Swans are carnivores and only eat insects.
- 42) Unlike other animals, only the male swans take care of the baby swans.
- **43**) Swans can be black.
- 44) Swans can live in both cold and warm climates.

# Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **45**) Swans build nests to lay their eggs in.
- **46)** Do baby swans look like their parents?
- **47**) Swans can be white or black.
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		Swan	Name:
1.	26.		
2.	27.		
3.	28.		
4.	29.		
5.	30.		
6.	31.		
7.	32.		
8.	33.		
9.	34.		
10.	35.		
11.	36.		
12.	37.		
13.	38.		
14.	39.		
15.	40.		
16.	41.		
17.	42.		
18.	43.		
19.	44.		
20.	45.		
21.	46.		
22.	47.		
23.	48.		
24.	49.		
25.	50. Reading	nonCoreSheets.com	Page 5 of 5

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Swan
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	Sw	an	Name:	Answer Key
9)	What are swans known for?			
	A. Their short, straight necks and colorful feathers	В	Their small, round bodies and long, spiky feathers	
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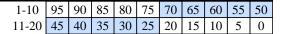
#### Determine if the statement is true or false.

	Swan	Name:	Answer Key				
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			Swan		Name:	Answer Key
1.	C	26.	true			
2.	0	2027.	opinion			
3.	 D	27	opinion			
4.	B	28	opinion			
4. 5.	 D	30.	fact			
	B	31.	opinion			
6. 7.	D	32.	fact			
8.	B	33.	opinion			
o. 9.	D	34	fact			
9. 10.	true	35.	true			
11.	true	- <sup>33.</sup> - 36.	false			
	true	37.	true			
12.	false	- 37 38.	false			
13. 14.	true	<u>38.</u> _ 39.	true			
14.	false	 40.	false			
15.	false	- 40 41.	false			
10.	true	41	false			
17.	true	- 42 43.	true			
19.	true	- 43 44.	true			
20.	false	- <sup>44.</sup> - 45.	declarative			
20.	true	- 45 46.	interrogative			
22.	false	- <del>4</del> 0 47.	declarative			
22.	true	- 47	declarative			
23. 24.	false	- 48 49.	interrogative			
24. 25.	false	- 49 50.	interrogative			
	Dooding		nCoreSheets.com	Page 4 of 4		

		Swan	Name:	
Sol	ve each problem.			
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1)	Are swans found all over the world? (part			
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2)	Do swans usually mate for life? Who ta	kes care of	f the eggs and cygnets? (paragraph 4)	
	A. Yes, they mate for life but only one parent takes care of the eggs and cygnets		They don't mate for life but both parents take care of the eggs and cygnets	
	C.		Yes, they mate for life and both parents take care of the eggs and cygnets	
3)	Do all swans have white feathers? (paragra	aph 1)		
	A. Yes		Swans have feathers of different colors when they are born and they turn white as they grow	
	С.	D.	No	
4)	Which best describes swans eating habi	ts? (naragraph	n 3)	
•)	A. Swans are herbivores.		Swans are omnivores	
	С.	D.		
5)	Are swans generally peaceful animals?	(paragraph 4)		
-)	A. Only the females are peaceful	B.		
	С.	D.	Yes	
6)	Where do swans prefer to eat? (paragraph 3)			
-)	A. Swans eat in the sky while flying.		Swans prefer to eat in the water.	
	С.	D.		
7)	When will swans defend themselves? (pa	aragraph 4)		
- )	A.		When they are playing around	
	С.	D.	When they feel threatened	
8)	What are baby swans called? (paragraph 4)			
-)	A. Baby swans are called calf.	B.	Baby swans are called cygnets.	
	С.	D.		
9)	What are swans known for? (paragraph 1)			
,	A. Their short, straight necks and colorful feathers		Their small, round bodies and long, spiky feathers	
	С.		Their long, curved necks and soft, white feathers	



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