Imagine a creature that looks like it comes from an alien world, with a triangular head that turns 180 degrees and two big, bulging eyes. Well, there's no need to imagine, because such a creature exists right here on Earth - it's called a praying mantis! These fascinating insects are named so because of their prayer-like stance, with their two front legs folded as if praying. A praying mantis can be green or brown and can range in size from 0.5 to 6 inches, and it's a master of disguise, blending perfectly with its surroundings.



Speaking of surroundings, praying mantises can be found all over the world, living in a variety of environments. From warm, tropical rainforests to cool, temperate regions, these adaptable critters make their homes in trees, shrubs, and even in grassy meadows. They're most commonly seen in the spring and summer months, and if you're lucky enough, you might spot one in your own backyard! And do you know what's even cooler? Female mantises lay up to 200 eggs, which they encase in a protective foam that hardens into an egg case.

Now, let's talk about what happens when those eggs hatch. The baby mantises, called nymphs, look like miniature versions of their parents. As they grow, they shed their skin, a process called molting, until they become full-grown mantises. These insects are carnivores and eat a variety of insects, including flies and moths, and sometimes they even eat each other!



Lastly, let's not forget to mention the interesting relationship mantises have with other animals and humans. For some animals, mantises are a source of food, but for others, these stealthy hunters are a threat. Humans, on the other hand, appreciate mantises because they help control pest populations. So, next time you see a praying mantis, remember that it's not only an incredible insect, but also an important part of our ecosystem.



Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- 12) "I'm vegetarian, I don't eat insects."
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- 28) "When it's time to lay eggs, I can lay up to 200 at a time! I protect them in a special hard case."
- **29**) "We only live in cold, snowy areas."
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Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- **32**) When hatched, praying mantis nymphs look just like their parents but in a smaller form.
- **33**) Seeing a praying mantis in your backyard could be the most exciting part of your day.
- **34)** Female praying mantises can lay almost 200 eggs.
- **35)** The way a praying mantis blends with its environment is absolutely amazing.
- **36)** The praying mantis is an insect that has large, bulging eyes and a triangular head which can rotate 180 degrees.
- **37)** It's astonishing that a female mantis can lay up to 200 eggs!
- Praying mantises are carnivores eating a variety of insects, even including their own species.
- **39**) Praying mantises can be found in many different environments all around the globe.
- **40)** Praying mantises have the most interesting look among all insects.



41) Praying mantises are quite scary because of their ability to turn their heads 180 degrees.

Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **42)** Mantises are a threat to some animals.
- **43)** Praying mantises are only active in the winter months.
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- 52) The praying mantis is blending perfectly with the leaves!
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- 54) What do some cultures consider praying mantises to be symbols of?
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- 61) Gently handle a praying mantis to observe it up close, but remember to release it unharmed.
- **62)** Incredibly, some praying mantises can camouflage themselves to blend in with their surroundings!
- **63)** Notice the praying mantis's long and flexible antenna.

		Prayin	g Mantis	Name:	
1.		26.	51		
2.		27.			
3.		28.	53.		
4.		29.	54.		
5.		30.	55		
6.		31.	56		
7.		32.	57		
8.		33.	58		
9.		34	59		
10.		35.	60		
11.		36.	61		
12.		37.	62.		
13.		38.	63.		
14.		39.			
15.		40.			
16.		41.			
17.		42.			
18.		43.			
19.		44			
20.		45.			
21.		46.			
22.		47.			
23.		48.			
24.		49.			
25.	Reading	50.			
	Reauling	www.CommonCoreShee	Page 5 of 5		

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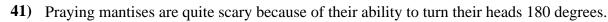
	Praying N	Manti	S	Name:	Answer	Key			
Solv	Solve each problem.								
Use	Use the article to answer the question.								
1)	What is the process called when baby mantis	ses she	ed their skin?						
	A. Shedding	B .]	Mantising						
	C. Skinning	D . 1	Molting						
2)	Where would you most likely not find prayir	ng mai	ntises making their homes?						
_)	A. Shrubs	-	Meadows						
	C. Trees	D . 1	Beaches						
3)	What are baby mantises called?								
3)	A. larvae	B	caterpillars						
	C. pupae		nymphs						
4)	What is special about the head of a praying n								
	A. It is able to detach its head.		It grows a new head every 6						
	C. It can survive even without its head.	D	It can turn its head 180 deg	rees.					
5)	What colors can a praying mantis be?								
	A. Black or white.	B .]	Purple or yellow.						
	C. Blue or red.	D. (Green or brown.						
6)	How many eggs can a female praying mantis	s lav?							
0)	A. only one	•	up to 200						
	C. up to 100		up to 500						
-	-		1						
7)	Which best describes the diet of mantises?	П	:						
	A. omnivoresC. herbivores		insectivores						
	C. heroivores	D. (carnivores						
8)	What time of year are praying mantises most commonly seen?								
	A. Fall and winter months	B. ;	Spring and summer months						
	C. Random times throughout the year	D	All year round						
9)	What is the purpose of the foam that covers t	the eg	gs?						
-)	A. Helps eggs hatch faster	-	Protects the eggs						
	C. Keeps eggs warm		Provides food for the nymp	hs					
10)	When do humana annu siste montiona?								
10)	Why do humans appreciate mantises? A. They help clean rivers	R,	They make good pets						
	C. They help spread seeds		They help control pest popu	lations					
	C. They help spread seeds	D.	They help control pest popt	nations					
11)	Why are praying mantises named so?								
	A. because they can turn their heads 180	B. 1	because of their prayer-like	stance					
	degrees			. 1 1					
	C. because they are great hunters	D.	because they have triangula	r heads					

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Praying Mantis

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			Praying Mant	is		Name:	Answer Key
1.	D	26.	true	51.	true	_	
2.	D	27.	true	52.	exclamatory		
3.	D	28.	true	53.	imperative		
4.	D	29.	false	54.	interrogative		
5.	D	30.	true	55.	exclamatory	_	
6.	<u> </u>	31.	true	56.	declarative		
7.	D	32.	fact	57.	interrogative		
8.	<u> </u>	33.	opinion	58.	declarative	_	
9.	<u> </u>	34	fact	59.	interrogative	_	
10.	D	35	opinion	60.	declarative	_	
11.	В	36	fact	61.	imperative	_	
12.	false	37	opinion	62.	exclamatory		
13.	false	38.	fact	63.	imperative		
14.	true	39	fact				
15.	false	40	opinion				
16.	false	41	opinion				
17.	false	42	true				
18.	true	43	false				
19.	true	44	true				
20.	true	45	false				
21.	false	46	true				
22.	false	47	false				
23.	false	48	false				
24.	true	49	false				
25.	false	50	true				
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Praying Mantis Name:							
Solv	e each problem.	Tall	tis Name:				
Use the article to answer the question.							
1)	What is the process called when baby mantis A. Shedding	Bes sl					
	C.		Molting				
2)	Where would you most likely not find prayin	-	•				
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	С.	D.	Beaches				
3)	What are baby mantises called? (paragraph 3)						
	A. larvae	В.					
	С.	D.	nymphs				
4)	What is special about the head of a praying n	nant	is? (paragraph 1)				
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	С.	D.	It can turn its head 180 degrees.				
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5)	A.		Purple or yellow.				
	С.		Green or brown.				
0	II	1	9				
6)	How many eggs can a female praying mantis A. only one	-	(paragraph 2) up to 200				
	C.	D.	-				
7)	Which best describes the diet of mantises? (pa		-				
	A. omnivores		insectivores				
	C.	D.	carnivores				
8)	What time of year are praying mantises most	con	nmonly seen? (paragraph 2)				
	А.	В.	Spring and summer months				
	С.	D.					
9)	What is the purpose of the foam that covers t	he e	2ggs? (paragraph 2)				
	A. Helps eggs hatch faster	B.	Protects the eggs				
	С.	D.					
10)	Why do humans appreciate mantises? (paragrap	h 4)					
10)	A.		They make good pets				
	С.		They help control pest populations				
11)	W/I · /· 1 0						
11)	Why are praying mantises named so? (paragraph A. because they can turn their heads 180		because of their prayer-like stance				
	degrees	Б.	because of their prayer-like stalled				
	C.	D.					



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