

Hey there, have you ever spotted a bird standing on one leg, colored in shades of pink and red? That's a flamingo, a beautiful bird that gets its dazzling color from eating certain types of food, like shrimp and algae. These stunning creatures have long, lean necks and equally long legs that help them wade in deep waters. Flamingos have a unique beak that's bent in the middle, which they use like a filter to catch their food in water.

Speaking of food, let's dive into a flamingo's typical menu. They love to munch on small creatures like shrimps, snails, and microscopic organisms known as plankton. These animals contain a natural pigment called carotenoids that gives flamingos their pink color. When baby flamingos are born, they are grey or white, but they start to turn pink after eating food containing carotenoids.

Now that we have our bellies full, let's take a trip to where these beautiful birds hang out. Flamingos live in parts of Africa, Asia, the Americas, and Europe, but the majority of them love to hang out in parts of Africa and South America. They love living in large groups, sometimes with thousands of other flamingos, around lakes, lagoons, and swamps. Living in large groups helps protect them from predators and increases their chances of finding a mate.





If you're wondering how we humans interact with flamingos, you're in for a treat. People around the world adore flamingos and often visit places where they live to watch their elegant movements and beautiful colors. However, humans can also pose a threat to flamingos by disturbing their natural habitats. So, while we admire these beautiful birds, it's important to remember to protect their homes so they can continue to thrive and paint our world pink with their presence.



Name:

Solve each problem.

Use the article to answer the question.

- 1) What are some foods flamingos eat?
 - A. Nuts, seeds, and berries
 - C. Shrimps, snails, and plankton
- 2) How do flamingos get their dazzling color? A. By bathing in bright colored water.
 - C. By eating certain types of food like
 - shrimp and algae.
- B. Fish, frogs, and insects
- D. Grass, leaves, and fruits
- B. By rolling in colored mud.
- D. They are born with it.
- 3) What color are baby flamingos when they are born?
 - A. pink or red

B. Yellow or orange

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- D. Black or brown
- 4) What is a threat to flamingos?
 - A. Fire in the forest

- B. Heavy snow and ice
- C. Humans disturbing their natural
 - habitats
- D. Rainstorms and floods
- 5) What is the purpose of a flamingo's long legs?
 - A. To help them run fast

B. To help them wade in deep waters

C. To help them climb trees

- D. To help them fly
- 6) What gives flamingos their pink color?
 - A. Keratin

B. Carotenoids

C. Melanin

- D. Chlorophyll
- 7) Where do most flamingos live?
 - A. Parts of Africa and South America
- B. Parts of Asia and Europe
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- D. Parts of North America and Australia
- 8) What kind of habitats do flamingos like?
 - A. Cities, towns, and villages
- B. Lakes, lagoons, and swamps
- C. Fields, meadows, and hills
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- 9) What's special about a flamingo's beak?
 - A. It is bent in the middle and they use it like a filter to catch their food in water.
- B. It's long and helps them reach high food sources.
- C. It is very sharp and helps them catch fish.
- D. It changes color to match their surroundings.
- **10**) Why do flamingos live in large groups?
 - A. For play

B. For protection from predators

C. For warmth

D. For food

1-10	95	90	85	80	75	70	65	60	55	50
11-20	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	5	0



Flamingo Name:

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

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- **24)** "I like to live in small groups of less than 20."
- 25) "We grow up together in huge groups. There are sometimes thousands of us in one place."
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- 29) "The secret behind my pink color is the food I eat."
- **30)** "We usually live in large groups so that we can help protect each other."

Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 31) Living in large groups helps flamingos to stay safe from predators.
- 32) The long neck of a flamingo is the most interesting part of its body.
- 33) Flamingos eat small creatures like shrimp, snails, and plankton.
- **34)** Flamingos look the best when they are standing on one leg.
- 35) Flamingos obtain their pink color from their diet.
- **36)** Flamingos are the best birds to watch because of their graceful movements.
- 37) Flamingos can usually be found around lakes, lagoons, and swamps.
- **38)** Baby flamingos are not born pink.
- **39)** Flamingos are the most attractive birds because of their pink and red colors.
- **40**) Flamingos have the most unique beaks among all birds.

Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **41)** Living in large groups helps protect flamingos from predators.
- 42) Most flamingos live in parts of Australia and Antarctica.
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Name:

- **44)** Baby flamingos are pink when they are born.
- **45**) Flamingos live in parts of Africa and Europe.
- **46**) Flamingos mainly feed on large animals like tortoises and rabbits.
- **47**) Flamingos eat only plants and seeds.
- **48**) Flamingos prefer to live by themselves.
- **49**) Flamingos use their uniquely shaped beak to catch food in water.
- 50) Flamingos obtain their color by eating certain types of shrimp and algae.

Determine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.

- 51) Flamingos don't usually fly at night.
 - A. didn't

B. do not

C. doesn't

D. can't

- 52) Flamingos <u>aren't</u> just beautiful to look at, they're an important part of the eco system.
 - A. are not

B. couldn't

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- 53) It's a fact that flamingos stand on one leg to conserve heat.
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- 54) They've discovered that the flamingo's pink color comes from its diet.
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55) I'm amazed by how flamingos can fly," said the zookeeper.

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Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **56**) Flamingos build their nests out of mud.
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	Flamingo	Name:
1.	26.	51.
2.	27.	52.
3.	28.	53.
4.	29.	54.
5.	30.	55.
6.	31.	56.
7.	32.	57.
8.	33.	58.
9.	34.	59.
10.	35.	60.
11.	36.	61.
12.	37.	62.
13.	38.	63.
14.	39.	64.
15.	40.	65.
16.	41.	66.
17.	42.	67.
18.	43.	68.
19.	44.	69.
20.	45.	70.
21.	46.	71.
22.	47.	
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25.	50.	



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1-10										
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Name: Answer Key

1.	C	26.	true	51.	В
2.	<u>C</u>	27.	true	52.	A
3.	C	28.	false	53.	D
4.	<u>C</u>	. 29	true	54. <u>-</u>	A
5.	B	30.	true	. 55.	C
6.	B	31	fact	. 56.	declarative
7.	<u>A</u>	32.	opinion	57.	exclamatory
8.	В	. 33	fact	58.	exclamatory
9.	<u>A</u>	. 34	opinion	. 59.	exclamatory
10.	В	35.	fact	60.	exclamatory
11.	false	36.	opinion	61.	declarative
12.	false	. 37	fact	62.	interrogative
13.	true	38	fact	63.	exclamatory
14.	false	39	opinion	64.	declarative
15.	false	40.	opinion	65.	interrogative
16.	false	41.	true	66.	exclamatory
17.	true	42.	false	67.	interrogative
18.	true	43.	true	68.	exclamatory
19.	true	. 44	false	. 69	exclamatory
20.	false	45.	true	70.	exclamatory
21.	false	46.	false	71.	exclamatory
22.	false	. 47	false		
23.	true	48.	false		
24.	false	. 49	true		
25.	true	50.	true		

Name:

Solve each problem.

Use	the	article	to	answer	the	question.
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1) What are some foods flamingos eat? (paragraph 2)

A. Nuts, seeds, and berries B.

C. Shrimps, snails, and plankton D.

2) How do flamingos get their dazzling color? (paragraph 1)

A. By bathing in bright colored water.

C. By eating certain types of food like D. shrimp and algae.

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A. pink or red B.

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C. Humans disturbing their natural D.

habitats

5) What is the purpose of a flamingo's long legs? (paragraph 1)

A. To help them run fast B. To help them wade in deep waters

C. D.

6) What gives flamingos their pink color? (paragraph 2)

A. Keratin B. Carotenoids

C. D.

7) Where do most flamingos live? (paragraph 3)

A. Parts of Africa and South America B.

C. D.

8) What kind of habitats do flamingos like? (paragraph 3)

A. B. Lakes, lagoons, and swamps

C. D.

9) What's special about a flamingo's beak? (paragraph 1)

A. It is bent in the middle and they use it B. like a filter to catch their food in

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10) Why do flamingos live in large groups? (paragraph 3)

A. B. For protection from predators

C. D.

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Name:

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