Hey there, have you ever spotted a bird standing on one leg, colored in shades of pink and red? That's a flamingo, a beautiful bird that gets its dazzling color from eating certain types of food, like shrimp and algae. These stunning creatures have long, lean necks and equally long legs that help them wade in deep waters. Flamingos have a unique beak that's bent in the middle, which they use like a filter to catch their food in water.

Speaking of food, let's dive into a flamingo's typical menu. They love to munch on small creatures like shrimps, snails, and microscopic organisms known as plankton. These animals contain a natural pigment called carotenoids that gives flamingos their pink color. When baby flamingos are born, they are grey or white, but they start to turn pink after eating food containing carotenoids.

Now that we have our bellies full, let's take a trip to where these beautiful birds hang out. Flamingos live in parts of Africa, Asia, the Americas, and Europe, but the majority of them love to hang out in parts of Africa and South America. They love living in large groups, sometimes with thousands of other flamingos, around lakes, lagoons, and

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If you're wondering how we humans interact with flamingos, you're in for a treat. People around the world adore flamingos and often visit places where they live to watch their elegant movements and beautiful colors. However, humans can also pose a threat to flamingos by disturbing their natural habitats. So, while we admire these beautiful birds, it's important to remember to protect their homes so they can continue to thrive and paint our world pink with their presence.

| | Flamin | go | Name: |
|------|---|-------|---|
| Solv | e each problem. | | |
| | the article to answer the question. | | |
| 1) | What are some foods flamingos eat? A. Nuts, seeds, and berries | B. | Grass, leaves, and fruits |
| | C. Shrimps, snails, and plankton | | Fish, frogs, and insects |
| 2) | How do flamingos get their dazzling color? | | |
| 2) | A. By eating certain types of food like shrimp and algae. | B. | They are born with it. |
| | C. By bathing in bright colored water. | D. | By rolling in colored mud. |
| 3) | What color are baby flamingos when they are | e boi | rn? |
| | A. pink or red | B. | Yellow or orange |
| | C. Grey or white | D. | Black or brown |
| 4) | What is a threat to flamingos? | | |
| | A. Rainstorms and floods | | Fire in the forest |
| | C. Heavy snow and ice | D. | Humans disturbing their natural habitats |
| 5) | What is the purpose of a flamingo's long legs | ? | |
| | A. To help them climb trees | | To help them wade in deep waters |
| | C. To help them run fast | D. | To help them fly |
| 6) | What gives flamingos their pink color? | | |
| | A. Melanin | | Carotenoids |
| | C. Keratin | D. | Chlorophyll |
| 7) | Where do most flamingos live? | | |
| | A. Parts of Africa and South America | | Parts of Antarctica and Arctic |
| | C. Parts of North America and Australia | D. | Parts of Asia and Europe |
| 8) | What kind of habitats do flamingos like? | - | |
| | A. Cities, towns, and villages | | Deserts, mountains, and forests |
| | C. Lakes, lagoons, and swamps | D. | Fields, meadows, and hills |
| 9) | What's special about a flamingo's beak? | р | |
| | A. It is bent in the middle and they use it like a filter to catch their food in water. | В. | It is very sharp and helps them catch fish. |
| | C. It changes color to match their surroundings. | D. | It's long and helps them reach high food sources. |
| 10) | Why do flamingos live in large groups? | | |
| | A. For warmth | | For food |
| | C. For protection from predators | D. | For play |

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Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- 11) "I use my beak for hunting on the ground for worms."
- 12) "I mainly inhabit places in Australia."
- 13) "My menu includes small creatures like shrimp or snails."
- 14) "My short legs make it difficult for me to go in water."
- **15**) "My favorite place to live is in the desert."
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- **19**) "My unique beak is bent in the middle and I use it like a filter to catch my food in water."
- 20) "I enjoy being solitary and independent."
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- 23) "I get my pink color from eating food containing carotenoids."
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- **29**) "The secret behind my pink color is the food I eat."
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Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- **31)** Living in large groups helps flamingos to stay safe from predators.
- **32)** The long neck of a flamingo is the most interesting part of its body.
- **33)** Flamingos eat small creatures like shrimp, snails, and plankton.
- **34)** Flamingos look the best when they are standing on one leg.
- **35)** Flamingos obtain their pink color from their diet.
- **36)** Flamingos are the best birds to watch because of their graceful movements.
- **37**) Flamingos can usually be found around lakes, lagoons, and swamps.
- **38)** Baby flamingos are not born pink.
- **39**) Flamingos are the most attractive birds because of their pink and red colors.
- **40**) Flamingos have the most unique beaks among all birds.

Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **41**) Living in large groups helps protect flamingos from predators.
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Reading

| | Flaming | 70 | | Name: | |
|-------------|---|--------------|-------------------------------|---------|--|
| <u>44</u>) | Baby flamingos are pink when they are born. | | | | |
| 45) | Flamingos live in parts of Africa and Europe. | | | | |
| 46) | Flamingos mainly feed on large animals like t | | bises and rabbits. | | |
| 47) | Flamingos eat only plants and seeds. | | | | |
| 48) | Flamingos prefer to live by themselves. | | | | |
| 49) | Flamingos use their uniquely shaped beak to c | catcl | h food in water. | | |
| 50) | Flamingos obtain their color by eating certain | | | | |
| Dete | rmine which choice is the expanded form of | • 1 | | | |
| | Flamingos <u>don't</u> usually fly at night. | the | under med contraction. | | |
| - / | | B. (| do not | | |
| | C. doesn't | D. (| can't | | |
| 52) | Flamingos aren't just beautiful to look at, they' | 're a | n important part of the eco s | system. | |
| , | c <u> </u> | | couldn't | | |
| | C. won't | D. (| doesn't | | |
| 53) | It's a fact that flamingos stand on one leg to co | onsei | rve heat. | | |
| | A. they are | B . i | it was | | |
| | C. it has | D . 1 | It is | | |
| 54) | They've discovered that the flamingo's pink co | olor | comes from its diet. | | |
| , | • • • • | | They were | | |
| | C. They will | D. ′ | They are | | |
| 55) | <u>I'm</u> amazed by how flamingos can fly," said th | ne zo | ookeeper. | | |
| | A. I have | B . 1 | I was | | |
| | C. I am | D . 1 | I will | | |
| D (| | 1. | | | |
| | Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m). | | | | |
| - | Flamingos build their nests out of mud. | | | | |

- **56**) Flamingos build their nests out of mud.
- 57) Flamingos are pink because of their diet, isn't that astonishing!
- 58) It's incredible to know that flamingos have been around for 30 million years!
- **59**) There are four different species of flamingos, what a surprise!
- **60)** The largest known spreading of flamingos occurred in India with about 1.5 million individuals, just how many flamingos is that!
- 61) Flamingos can stand on one leg for a long time.
- **62)** Do flamingos lay eggs?
- 63) Flamingos can live up to 50 years, imagine that!
- **64)** Flamingos live in large groups called colonies.
- **65)** How tall can flamingos grow?
- 66) Flamingos lay their first egg at six years old, that's a long time to wait!

| 67) | Flamingo What do flamingos eat? | Name: | | | | |
|-------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| 68) | | | | | | |
| 69) | Did you know that a flock of flamingos is called a "flamboya | nce", how unique is that! | | | | |
| 70) |) The fact that flamingos filter-feed on brine shrimp and blue-green algae is just fascinating! | | | | | |
| 71) | Flamingos have the ability to drink boiling hot water, isn't that | at mind-blowing! | | | | |
| 68) 69) 70) | Flamingos always stand on one leg to keep the other one war different they are from us! Did you know that a flock of flamingos is called a "flamboya The fact that flamingos filter-feed on brine shrimp and blue-g | nce", how unique is that! green algae is just fascinating! | | | | |

| | Flamingo | Name: | |
|-------------|-------------------------|-------------|--|
| 1 | 26 | 51 | |
| 2. | 27 | 52. | |
| 3. | 28 | 53 | |
| 4 | 29. | 54 | |
| 5. | 30. | 55 | |
| б | 31. | 56 | |
| 7 | 32. | 57 | |
| 8. | 33. | 58 | |
| 9. | 34 | 59 | |
| 10 | 35 | 60 | |
| 11 | 36. | 61 | |
| 12. | 37 | 62. | |
| 13. | 38 | 63. | |
| 14 | 39. | 64. | |
| 15 | 40. | 65 | |
| 16. | 41 | 66. | |
| 17 | 42. | 67 | |
| 18. | 43. | 68. | |
| 19. | 44 | 69. | |
| 20. | 45 | 70 | |
| 21. | 46 | 71 | |
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| 24. | 49. | | |
| 25. Reading | 50 | | |
| ww | ww.CommonCoreSheets.com | Page 6 of 6 | |

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| | Flamin | ngo | Name: |
|-------------|---|-----|---|
| Solv | e each problem. | | |
| Use | the article to answer the question. | | |
| | What are some foods flamingos eat? | | |
| | A. Nuts, seeds, and berries | B. | Grass, leaves, and fruits |
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| 3) | | | |
| 2) | How do flamingos get their dazzling color? A. By eating certain types of food like | в | They are born with it. |
| | shrimp and algae. | D. | They are born with it. |
| | C. By bathing in bright colored water. | D. | By rolling in colored mud. |
| | | | |
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| | | | habitats |
| 5) | What is the purpose of a flamingo's long leg | s? | |
| - / | A. To help them climb trees | | To help them wade in deep waters |
| | C. To help them run fast | D. | To help them fly |
| 0 | What sives flowing as their sight sales? | | |
| 6) | What gives flamingos their pink color? A. Melanin | в | Carotenoids |
| | C. Keratin | | Chlorophyll |
| | C. Keratin | D. | Chlorophyn |
| 7) | Where do most flamingos live? | | |
| | A. Parts of Africa and South America | В. | Parts of Antarctica and Arctic |
| | C. Parts of North America and Australia | D. | Parts of Asia and Europe |
| 8) | What kind of habitats do flamingos like? | | |
| -) | A. Cities, towns, and villages | B. | Deserts, mountains, and forests |
| | C. Lakes, lagoons, and swamps | D. | Fields, meadows, and hills |
| • | | | |
| 9) | What's special about a flamingo's beak? | п | It is some shown and halve these setab |
| | A. It is bent in the middle and they use it like a filter to catch their food in | D. | It is very sharp and helps them catch fish. |
| | water. | | 11311. |
| | C. It changes color to match their | D. | It's long and helps them reach high |
| | surroundings. | | food sources. |
| 10) | Why do flamingos live in large groups? | | |
| I V) | A. For warmth | B. | For food |
| | C. For protection from predators | | For play |



Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

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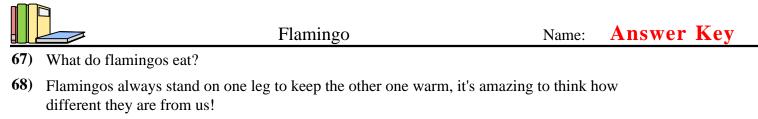
Determine if the statement is true or false.

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Reading

| | Flamin | gO | | Name: | Answer Key | |
|-------------|---|-------|------------------------------|---------|------------|--|
| <u>44</u>) | Baby flamingos are pink when they are born. | | | | | |
| 45) | Flamingos live in parts of Africa and Europe | | | | | |
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| 48) | Flamingos prefer to live by themselves. | | | | | |
| 49) | Flamingos use their uniquely shaped beak to | cat | ch food in water. | | | |
| 50) | Flamingos obtain their color by eating certain | n ty | pes of shrimp and algae. | | | |
| Deta | ermine which choice is the expanded form o | f th | e underlined contraction | | | |
| | Flamingos <u>don't</u> usually fly at night. | 1 111 | | | | |
| , | A. didn't | B. | do not | | | |
| | C. doesn't | D. | can't | | | |
| 52) | Flamingos aren't just beautiful to look at, they | y're | an important part of the eco | system. | | |
| , | A. are not | | couldn't | • | | |
| | C. won't | D. | doesn't | | | |
| 53) | It's a fact that flamingos stand on one leg to c | ons | erve heat. | | | |
| | A. they are | B. | it was | | | |
| | C. it has | D. | It is | | | |
| 54) | They've discovered that the flamingo's pink c | olo | r comes from its diet. | | | |
| | A. They have | | They were | | | |
| | C. They will | D. | They are | | | |
| 55) | 5) <u>I'm</u> amazed by how flamingos can fly," said the zookeeper. | | | | | |
| | A. I have | B. | I was | | | |
| | C. I am | D. | I will | | | |
| | Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m). | | | | | |

- 56) Flamingos build their nests out of mud.
- 57) Flamingos are pink because of their diet, isn't that astonishing!
- 58) It's incredible to know that flamingos have been around for 30 million years!
- 59) There are four different species of flamingos, what a surprise!
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- 69) Did you know that a flock of flamingos is called a "flamboyance", how unique is that!
- 70) The fact that flamingos filter-feed on brine shrimp and blue-green algae is just fascinating!
- 71) Flamingos have the ability to drink boiling hot water, isn't that mind-blowing!

| | | | Flamingo | | | Name: | Answer | Key |
|-----|----------|------------|-----------------|------|---------------|-------|--------|-----|
| 1. | С | 26 | true | 51. | В | _ | | |
| 2. | Α | 27 | true | 52. | Α | | | |
| 3. | С | 28 | false | 53. | D | _ | | |
| 4. | D | 29 | true | 54. | Α | _ | | |
| 5. | В | 30 | true | 55. | С | | | |
| 6. | В | 31 | fact | 56. | declarative | | | |
| 7. | Α | 32 | opinion | 57. | exclamatory | | | |
| 8. | С | 33 | fact | 58. | exclamatory | | | |
| 9. | Α | 34 | opinion | 59. | exclamatory | | | |
| 10. | С | 35 | fact | 60. | exclamatory | | | |
| 11. | false | 36 | opinion | 61. | declarative | | | |
| 12. | false | 37 | fact | 62. | interrogative | | | |
| 13. | true | 38 | fact | 63. | exclamatory | | | |
| 14. | false | 39 | opinion | 64. | declarative | _ | | |
| 15. | false | 40 | opinion | 65. | interrogative | _ | | |
| 16. | false | 41 | true | 66. | exclamatory | _ | | |
| 17. | true | 42 | false | 67. | interrogative | _ | | |
| 18. | true | 43 | true | 68. | exclamatory | _ | | |
| 19. | true | 44 | false | 69. | exclamatory | _ | | |
| 20. | false | 45 | true | 70. | exclamatory | _ | | |
| 21. | false | 46 | false | 71. | exclamatory | _ | | |
| 22. | false | 47 | false | | | | | |
| 23. | true | 48 | false | | | | | |
| 24. | false | 49 | true | | | | | |
| 25. | true | 50 | true | | | | | |
| | Reading | www.Common | nCoreSheets.com | Page | 5 of 5 | | | |

| | Flamin | ngo | Name: | | | | | |
|------|--|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Solv | e each problem. | | | | | | | |
| Use | Use the article to answer the question. | | | | | | | |
| 1) | What are some foods flamingos eat? (paragraph | | | | | | | |
| | A. Nuts, seeds, and berries | | Grass, leaves, and fruits | | | | | |
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| 2) | How do flamingos get their dazzling color? | | | | | | | |
| | A. By eating certain types of food like shrimp and algae. | | They are born with it. | | | | | |
| | С. | D | | | | | | |
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| | Α. | | Yellow or orange | | | | | |
| | C. Grey or white | D | | | | | | |
| 4) | What is a threat to flamingos? (paragraph 4) | | | | | | | |
| | A. Rainstorms and floods | Β. | | | | | | |
| | С. | D | . Humans disturbing their natural habitats | | | | | |
| 5) | What is the purpose of a flamingo's long leg | s? (p | aragraph 1) | | | | | |
| | A. To help them climb trees | Β. | To help them wade in deep waters | | | | | |
| | С. | D | | | | | | |
| 6) | What gives flamingos their pink color? (parage | raph 2) |) | | | | | |
| | A. Melanin | Β. | Carotenoids | | | | | |
| | С. | D | | | | | | |
| 7) | Where do most flamingos live? (paragraph 3) | | | | | | | |
| | A. Parts of Africa and South America | Β. | Parts of Antarctica and Arctic | | | | | |
| | С. | D | | | | | | |
| 8) | What kind of habitats do flamingos like? (par | agraph | 13) | | | | | |
| | A. Cities, towns, and villages | Β. | | | | | | |
| | C. Lakes, lagoons, and swamps | D | | | | | | |
| 9) | What's special about a flamingo's beak? (parage | graph | 1) | | | | | |
| | A. It is bent in the middle and they use it | Β. | It is very sharp and helps them catch | | | | | |
| | like a filter to catch their food in | | fish. | | | | | |
| | water. C. | D | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 10) | Why do flamingos live in large groups? (parag A. For warmth | graph 3 B. | | | | | | |
| | C. For protection from predators | D. D. | | | | | | |
| | c. Tor protocion nom produtors | | • | | | | | |

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).



11) "I use my beak for hunting on the ground for worms." (paragraph 1)

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