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Speaking of food, let's dive into a flamingo's typical menu. They love to munch on small creatures like shrimps, snails, and microscopic organisms known as plankton. These animals contain a natural pigment called carotenoids that gives flamingos their pink color. When baby flamingos are born, they are grey or white, but they start to turn pink after eating food containing carotenoids.

Now that we have our bellies full, let's take a trip to where these beautiful birds hang out. Flamingos live in parts of Africa, Asia, the Americas, and Europe, but the majority of them love to hang out in parts of Africa and South America. They love living in large groups, sometimes with thousands of other flamingos, around lakes, lagoons, and swamps. Living in large groups helps protect them from predators and increases their chances of finding a mate.

If you're wondering how we humans interact with flamingos, you're in for a treat. People around the world adore flamingos and often visit places where they live to watch their elegant movements and beautiful colors. However, humans can also pose a threat to flamingos by disturbing their natural habitats. So, while we admire these beautiful birds, it's important to remember to protect their homes so they can continue to thrive and paint our world pink with their presence.





**Solve each problem.**

**Use the article to answer the question.**

- 1) What are some foods flamingos eat?
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  - A. By rolling in colored mud.
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  - A. To help them climb trees
  - B. To help them fly
  - C. To help them wade in deep waters
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  - A. Chlorophyll
  - B. Carotenoids
  - C. Melanin
  - D. Keratin
- 7) Where do most flamingos live?
  - A. Parts of Asia and Europe
  - B. Parts of Antarctica and Arctic
  - C. Parts of Africa and South America
  - D. Parts of North America and Australia
- 8) What kind of habitats do flamingos like?
  - A. Lakes, lagoons, and swamps
  - B. Cities, towns, and villages
  - C. Fields, meadows, and hills
  - D. Deserts, mountains, and forests
- 9) What's special about a flamingo's beak?
  - A. It is bent in the middle and they use it like a filter to catch their food in water.
  - B. It is very sharp and helps them catch fish.
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  - D. It's long and helps them reach high food sources.
- 10) Why do flamingos live in large groups?
  - A. For protection from predators
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**Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or if it is not something the animal would say (N).**

- 11) "I use my beak for hunting on the ground for worms."
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**Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.**

- 31) Living in large groups helps flamingos to stay safe from predators.
- 32) The long neck of a flamingo is the most interesting part of its body.
- 33) Flamingos eat small creatures like shrimp, snails, and plankton.
- 34) Flamingos look the best when they are standing on one leg.
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- 38) Baby flamingos are not born pink.
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**Determine if the statement is true or false.**

- 41) Living in large groups helps protect flamingos from predators.
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- 44) Baby flamingos are pink when they are born.
- 45) Flamingos live in parts of Africa and Europe.
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- 47) Flamingos eat only plants and seeds.
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**Determine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.**

- 51) Flamingos don't usually fly at night.  
A. didn't  
B. do not  
C. doesn't  
D. can't
- 52) Flamingos aren't just beautiful to look at, they're an important part of the eco system.  
A. are not  
B. couldn't  
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- 53) It's a fact that flamingos stand on one leg to conserve heat.  
A. they are  
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- 54) They've discovered that the flamingo's pink color comes from its diet.  
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- 55) I'm amazed by how flamingos can fly," said the zookeeper.  
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**Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).**

- 56) Flamingos build their nests out of mud.
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- 58) It's incredible to know that flamingos have been around for 30 million years!
- 59) There are four different species of flamingos, what a surprise!
- 60) The largest known spreading of flamingos occurred in India with about 1.5 million individuals, just how many flamingos is that!
- 61) Flamingos can stand on one leg for a long time.
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- 67) What do flamingos eat?
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1. _____	26. _____	51. _____
2. _____	27. _____	52. _____
3. _____	28. _____	53. _____
4. _____	29. _____	54. _____
5. _____	30. _____	55. _____
6. _____	31. _____	56. _____
7. _____	32. _____	57. _____
8. _____	33. _____	58. _____
9. _____	34. _____	59. _____
10. _____	35. _____	60. _____
11. _____	36. _____	61. _____
12. _____	37. _____	62. _____
13. _____	38. _____	63. _____
14. _____	39. _____	64. _____
15. _____	40. _____	65. _____
16. _____	41. _____	66. _____
17. _____	42. _____	67. _____
18. _____	43. _____	68. _____
19. _____	44. _____	69. _____
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- |                  |                    |                          |
|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. <u>B</u>      | 26. <u>true</u>    | 51. <u>B</u>             |
| 2. <u>D</u>      | 27. <u>true</u>    | 52. <u>A</u>             |
| 3. <u>B</u>      | 28. <u>false</u>   | 53. <u>D</u>             |
| 4. <u>A</u>      | 29. <u>true</u>    | 54. <u>A</u>             |
| 5. <u>C</u>      | 30. <u>true</u>    | 55. <u>C</u>             |
| 6. <u>B</u>      | 31. <u>fact</u>    | 56. <u>declarative</u>   |
| 7. <u>C</u>      | 32. <u>opinion</u> | 57. <u>exclamatory</u>   |
| 8. <u>A</u>      | 33. <u>fact</u>    | 58. <u>exclamatory</u>   |
| 9. <u>A</u>      | 34. <u>opinion</u> | 59. <u>exclamatory</u>   |
| 10. <u>A</u>     | 35. <u>fact</u>    | 60. <u>exclamatory</u>   |
| 11. <u>false</u> | 36. <u>opinion</u> | 61. <u>declarative</u>   |
| 12. <u>false</u> | 37. <u>fact</u>    | 62. <u>interrogative</u> |
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