

Imagine a bug with a wheel on its back, sounds pretty cool, right? Well, meet the wheel bug, a fascinating insect that gets its name from the spiky, wheel-shaped crest on its back. This curious creature is one of the largest members of the assassin bug family, growing up to 1.5 inches long. Their bodies are usually brown or grey, and they have long, slender legs and antennae.



Continuing our journey, let's delve into the habitats of these unique bugs. Wheel bugs are native to North America and can be found from coast to coast, living in forests, gardens, and fields. They're true homebodies and usually stay in the same area their whole life. They prefer warmer climates, but can survive in colder regions during the winter by hiding under leaf litter or bark.

Now, what do you think these critters eat? They have quite an appetite for other bugs, including harmful pests like aphids and caterpillars. They use their long, sharp beak to stab their prey and inject a venom that turns their insides into liquid, which they then slurp up like a bug smoothie! Despite their scary feeding habits, wheel bugs are generally not aggressive towards humans unless provoked.

Let's take a peek into the wheel bug's life cycle and defenses. After mating in the fall, the female lays a cluster of eggs that hatch into tiny nymphs in the spring. These nymphs go through several stages of growth before becoming adults, shedding their skin each time. Their wheel-shaped crest not only makes them look cool, but also serves as a warning to predators that they are not a tasty snack.



In the world of bugs, wheel bugs certainly stand out with their unique appearance and lifestyle. They play an important role in controlling pest populations, making them a friend to gardeners and farmers. Though they might look a bit scary, remember they're more interested in gobbling up other bugs than bothering humans. So next time you're exploring the great outdoors, keep an eye out for these incredible insects and their wheel-shaped crests!



Solve each problem.

Use the article to answer the question.

- 1) How do wheel bugs feed on their prey?
 - A. They spin their prey in their wheel to stun them.
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- 2) What is the purpose of the wheel bug's wheel-shaped crest?
 - A. It helps them move faster.
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- B. They are usually orange or white.
- C. They are usually yellow or red.
- D. They are usually green or black.

- 4) Do wheel bugs travel a lot?
 - A. Yes, they travel south for the winter.
 - C. No, they usually stay in the same area their whole life.
- B. Yes, each day they make a new home
- D. Yes, they move to new places every season.
- 5) When do female wheel bugs lay their eggs?
 - A. In the winter.

B. In the fall.

C. In the spring.

D. In the summer.

- **6)** How big do wheel bugs get?
 - A. Almost 8 inches

B. Almost 6 inches

C. Almost 12 inches

- D. Almost 2 inches
- 7) Where do wheel bugs usually prefer to live?
 - A. In watery areas like lakes and ponds.
- B. In deserts and dry areas.
- C. Only in snow and cold areas.
- D. In forests, gardens, and fields.
- 8) What role do wheel bugs play for gardeners and farmers?
 - A. They scare away other insects.
- B. They spread pollen from flower to
 - flower.
- C. They help plants grow faster.
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- 9) How do wheel bugs survive in cold regions?
 - A. By locating caves and staying in them
- B. By staying with birds in their nest

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- D. By hiding in underground burrows
- **10)** Wheel bugs are members of what bug family?
 - A. Lady bugs

B. Praying mantis

C. Stink bugs

D. Assassin bugs



Wheel Bug

Name:

- 11) What gives the wheel bug its name?
 - A. Their eyes are shaped like wheels.
- B. The wheel-shaped crest on its back.
- C. It spins like a wheel when it moves.
- D. They have wheels instead of legs.

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- 12) "I'm a farmer's best friend, keeping their crops safe from harmful pests."
- 13) "Here's a creepy thing I do I stab other bugs with my sharp beak and turn their insides into liquid, which I then drink up!"
- **14)** "We wheel bugs are a pest for gardeners and farmers."
- 15) "Please don't provoke me! I won't bother you if you keep your distance."
- **16)** "I can live anywhere from a dense forest to your home garden."
- 17) "Want to know how I survive in winter? I hide under leaf litter or bark!"
- 18) "I really enjoy feasting on plants and fruits."
- 19) "Believe it or not, I'm one of the biggest assassin bugs around."
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- 21) "I am really tiny, less than an inch long."
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- 24) "Here's an interesting tidbit I usually stay put in one place throughout my life."
- 25) "I can't stand warm climates, I love cold places the most."
- 26) "I am a good friend of aphids and caterpillars."
- 27) "Sometimes I can be quite a nightmare for aphids and caterpillars, they're my favorite snacks!"

Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 28) Wheel bugs use a long, sharp beak to pierce their prey and inject venom, which turns their prey's insides into a liquid that they consume.
- 29) It is amazing that wheel bugs can survive in a variety of climates, even in colder regions.
- **30)** Wheel bugs are carnivorous and they feed on other bugs like aphids and caterpillars.
- 31) The way wheel bugs turn their prey into a liquid using their venom before eating it is kind of gross.
- **32)** Wheel bugs are native to North America, living in different places like forests, gardens, and fields.
- 33) Wheel bugs are the best bugs because they control pest populations and help gardeners and farmers.
- **34)** Wheel bugs shed their skin several times during their growth period from being nymphs to becoming adults.
- 35) Wheel bugs usually stay in the same area throughout their entire life.
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Wheel Bug

Name:

37) The way wheel bugs consume their prey is gross.

Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **38**) Wheel bugs are native to North America.
- **39**) Wheel bugs often migrate hundreds of miles during winter.
- **40**) Wheel bugs use their sharp beak to inject a venom into their prey.
- 41) Wheel bugs are so small you need a microscope to view them.
- **42**) The wheel-shaped crest on a wheel bug's back is a warning signal to predators.
- **43**) Wheel bugs prefer to live in cold climates.
- **44**) Wheel bugs are aggressive towards humans.
- **45**) Wheel bugs are found exclusively in Asia.
- **46)** Wheel bugs are members of the assassin bug family.
- 47) Wheel bugs are named after the spiky, wheel-shaped crest on their back.

Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **48)** Do wheel bugs change their colors?
- **49**) The way wheel Bugs feed by injecting their prey with digestive enzymes and then sucking out the liquefied insides is incredibly gross!
- **50**) Wheel bugs have a unique wheel-shaped structure on their thorax.
- 51) Their unique wheel-shaped protrusion on their back is so distinctive!
- **52)** Where do wheel bugs live?
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		Wheel Bug		Name	
		<u> </u>			
1	26.		51.		
2	27.		52.		
3	28.		53.		
4	29.		54.		
5	30.		55.		
6	31				
7	32.				
8	33				
9	34				
10.	35				
11	36				
12	37				
13	38.				
14	39.				
15	40.				
16	41				
17	42.				
18	43.				
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Name:



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Answer Key Wheel Bug Name:

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Wheel Bug

Name:

exclamatory

interrogative

interrogative

declarative

declarative

51.

52.

53.

54.

55.

Answer Key

1.	В	26.	false
2.	D	27.	true
3.	A	28.	fact
4.	C	29.	opinion
5.	В	30.	fact
6.	D	31.	opinion
7.	D	32.	fact
8.	D	33.	opinion
9.	C	34.	fact
10.	D	35.	fact
11.	В	36.	opinion
12.	true	37.	opinion
13.	true	38.	true
14.	false	39.	false
15.	true	40.	true
16.	true	41.	false
17.	true	42.	true
18.	false	43.	false
19.	true	44.	false
20.	true	45.	false
21.	false	46.	true
22.	false	47.	true
23.	true	48.	interrogative
24.	true	49.	exclamatory
25.	false	50.	declarative

Wheel Bug Name:

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Use	the	article	to	answer	the	question.
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1) How do wheel bugs feed on their prey? (paragraph 3)

A. They spin their prey in their wheel to stun them.

B. They inject a venom that turns their prey's insides into liquid.

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A. B. It is used to grind their food.

C. D. It serves as a warning to predators.

D.

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A. They are usually brown or grey. B.

C. D.

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