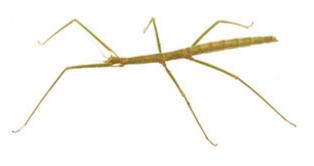


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Speaking of tricks, let's explore some of their survival strategies. Walking sticks are herbivores, which means they munch on leaves, especially the yummy ones from oak and hazelnut trees. When a predator approaches, they play dead or drop from the trees to escape, and if that doesn't work, some can even squirt a smelly spray to scare the predator away! It's a bug-eat-bug world out there, and these guys are fully equipped for it.

From being a master of disguise to having a unique diet, walking sticks sure are interesting, but let's take a peek into their life cycle. The female lays her eggs by dropping them to the ground where they hide among the leaf litter until they hatch. Once they hatch, the baby walking sticks, called nymphs, will grow into adults, shedding their skin as they get bigger. The whole process is a fascinating cycle of growth and transformation.



Now that we know all about their lives, let's see how these little critters interact with us humans and other animals. While they do not have a direct impact on humans, their primary defense mechanism can be irritating if the liquid gets in our eyes. As for other animals, birds, reptiles, and small mammals might see them as a tasty snack, although their camouflage and defenses often keep them safe. These twig-like insects are not just unique in appearance, but they also hold a special place in the web of life, teaching us about the wonders of adaptation and survival.



Solve each problem.

Use the article to answer the question.

1) What do walking sticks eat?

A. Human blood and skin flakes. B. Small insects and bugs.

D. Leaves from oak and hazelnut trees. C. Honey and flower nectar.

2) What color can walking sticks be?

A. Black and white B. Yellow and purple

C. Green to brown D. Red and blue

3) What are baby walking sticks called?

B. Infants. A. Larvae. C. Pupae. D. Nymphs.

4) Are walking stick insects harmful to humans?

A. Yes, they are extremely poisonous B. No, they are completely harmless

C. Only if their defense liquid gets in our D. Yes, their bite can cause serious injury eyes

5) How do female walking sticks lay their eggs?

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Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "If I see a predator I might squirt out a smelly spray to scare them away!"





- 12) "My body is super skinny, in fact, I look like a stick!"
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- 34) Baby walking sticks, known as nymphs, shed their skin as they grow bigger.
- 35) Walking sticks eat leaves, especially from oak and hazelnut trees.
- **36)** The way walking sticks mimic twigs to hide from predators is amazing.
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Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **38)** Reptiles see walking sticks as a tasty snack.
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Walking Sticks

Name:

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Determine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.

- **48)** Walking sticks <u>don't</u> cause any harm to humans.
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	Walking Sticks	Name:
1.	26.	51.
2.	27.	52.
3.	28.	53.
4.	29.	54.
5.	30.	55.
6.	31.	56.
7.	32.	57.
8.	33.	58.
9.	34.	59.
10.	35.	60.
11.	36.	61.
12.	37.	
13.	38.	
14.	39.	
15.	40.	
16.	41.	
17.	42.	
18.	43.	
19.	44.	
20.	45.	
21.	46.	
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23.	48.	
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Walking Sticks

Name:

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12.	true	37.	opinion
13.	true	38.	true
14.	false	39.	false
15.	true	40.	true
16.	false	41.	false
17.	false	42.	true
18.	true	43.	false
19.	true	44.	false
20.	true	45.	false
21.	false	46.	true
22.	true	47.	true
23.	false	48.	В
24.	true	49.	A
25.	false	50.	D

		N
51.	A	_
52.	C	
53.	declarative	
54.	exclamatory	
55.	declarative	
56.	interrogative	_
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Name:

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Use the article to answer the question.

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C. D. Leaves from oak and hazelnut trees.

В.

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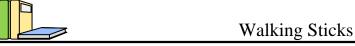
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