Get ready to meet a fascinating creature, the longtailed vole! This little furball is about the size of your hand, with a tail longer than its body, hence the name, long-tailed vole. It's covered in soft, brown fur, with tiny ears peeking out from its head, and bright, watchful eyes.



On their little feet, you'll find sharp, tiny claws that help them to dig and climb.

Speaking of digging, did you know that long-tailed voles are also known as little architects of the animal kingdom? They make their homes, called burrows, in the ground of the forests and grasslands of North America. These cozy burrows are not only their homes, but also their safe spots from predators like hawks, owls, and weasels. Wow, it sure sounds like they lead busy lives in their homes, doesn't it?

Well, when they aren't busy building, they're usually out foraging for food. Their diet mainly consists of green vegetation, seeds, and occasionally small insects. They're pretty important to the ecosystem, as they help in the decomposition of organic material and plant dispersal. But don't worry, they're not pests! In fact, they don't have any significant negative impact on human activities.

While we humans may not interact much with these voles, they certainly play a crucial role in the food chain. They're a vital source of food for many of the larger animals and help to control the population of insects and plants by eating them. And guess what? Unlike many other animals, the female voles are the ones who establish and defend the territory! So, remember, every creature, no matter how small, has its own important role in our big, beautiful world.



Long-tailed Vole

Solv	e each problem.		
	<ul><li>the article to answer the question.</li><li>How long is the tail of the long-tailed vole?</li><li>A. Longer than its body</li><li>C. Shorter than its body</li></ul>		Same as the body length Half of its body
2)	What is the role of long-tailed voles in the ec. A. Pollinators of flowers	B.	Help in the decomposition of organic material and plant dispersal
3)	<ul><li>C. Regulate climate and weather</li><li>Who establishes and defends the territory in t</li><li>A. Male voles</li><li>C. Younger voles</li></ul>	he c B.	Serve as food for larger animals case of long-tailed voles? Female voles Older voles
4)	Where do long-tailed voles make their homes A. In caves C. In trees	B.	In shrubs In the ground
5)	<ul><li>What color is the fur of a long-tailed vole?</li><li>A. Grey with white stripes</li><li>C. Red</li></ul>		Black with spots Brown
6)	<ul><li>Who are some of the known predators of the</li><li>A. Snakes, Frogs, and Spiders</li><li>C. Cats, Dogs, and Foxes</li></ul>	В.	g-tailed vole? Hawks, owls, and weasels Lions, Tigers, and Bears
7)	<ul><li>What is the purpose of the sharp, tiny claws of A. To help them dig and climb</li><li>C. To help them fly and hover</li></ul>	B.	e long-tailed voles? To help them run and sprint To help them swim and jump
8)	<ul><li>What does the long-tailed vole mainly eat?</li><li>A. Meat, fish, and bird eggs</li><li>C. Grains, cereal, and bread</li></ul>		Fruits, nuts, and berries Green vegetation, seeds, and insects
9)	<ul><li>Are long-tailed voles pests?</li><li>A. No, they do not have any significant negative impact on human activities</li></ul>		Yes, they spread diseases
10)	<ul><li>C. Yes, they damage crops and property</li><li>What is the size of a long-tailed vole?</li><li>A. As small as a mouse</li><li>C. About the size of your hand</li></ul>	B.	Yes, they eat household items As big as a cat About the size of a dog

## Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "You know what I eat? Mostly green stuff and seeds, with a few insects sometimes."

	Long-tailed Vole	Name:			
12)	"I make my home underground."				
13)	"You can find me mostly in forests and grasslands in North America."				
14)	"I prefer living in hot, desert environments."				
15)	"I'm not a pest, in fact, I don't really have any negative impact on humans."				
<b>16</b> )	"Predators? We don't have any! We're the kings of the animal kingdom."				
17)	"With my tiny claws, I can dig and climb trees too!"				
18)	"I may look like a normal mouse, but I don't have a tail!"				
<b>19</b> )	"Insects? Yuck! I'm more of a meat lover."				
20)	"I avoid forests and grasslands as they are too dangerous."				

### Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 21) The diet of long-tailed voles mainly consists of green vegetation and seeds.
- **22)** It's pretty impressive that long-tailed voles can survive when being targeted by hawks, owls, and weasels.
- 23) Predators of long-tailed voles include hawks, owls, and weasels.
- **24**) The fact that long-tailed voles have a territory is interesting.
- 25) Long-tailed voles use their claws to climb.
- 26) Long-tailed voles are cuter than other animals because they have tiny ears.
- 27) The female long-tailed voles establish and defend their territory.
- 28) Long-tailed voles build their homes in the forests and grasslands of North America.
- **29)** It's amazing that long-tailed voles are able to build their own homes.
- **30)** It's really cool that long-tailed voles can be found in both grasslands and forests.

### Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **31**) Long-tailed voles have sharp claws.
- **32)** Long-tailed voles are classified as pests because they destroy gardens and crops.
- **33)** Long-tailed voles mainly eat green vegetation and seeds.
- **34)** The diet of a long-tailed vole is primarily made up of meat.
- **35**) Long-tailed will eat insects.
- **36)** Long-tailed voles can only be found in forests.
- **37)** Male voles establish and defend territory.
- **38)** Baby voles live in high up trees after they are born.
- **39**) Female voles establish and defend the territory.
- **40)** Long-tailed voles make their homes in the ground.

# Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- 41) Long-tailed voles have a keen sense of smell that they use to find food.
- **42)** What is the natural habitat of long-tailed voles?
- **43)** Long-tailed voles build intricate underground burrows to live in.



44) Long-tailed voles are small rodents that live in grassy areas.

- **45**) What predators do long-tailed voles have?
- **46**) Are long-tailed voles nocturnal?

	Long-tailed Vol	e Name:
1. 26.		
2 27.		
3 28.		
4 29.		
5 30.		
6 31.		
7 32.		
8 33.		
9 34.		
10 35.		
11 36.		
12 37.		
13 38.		
14 39.		
15 40.		
16 41.		
17 42.		
18 43.		
19 44.		
20 45.		
21 46.		
22.		
23		
24.		
25.		
Deading	nonCoreSheets.com	Page 5 of 5

Get ready to meet a fascinating creature, the longtailed vole! This little furball is about the size of your hand, with a tail longer than its body, hence the name, long-tailed vole. It's covered in soft, brown fur, with tiny ears peeking out from its head, and bright, watchful eyes.



On their little feet, you'll find sharp, tiny claws that help them to dig and climb.

Speaking of digging, did you know that long-tailed voles are also known as little architects of the animal kingdom? They make their homes, called burrows, in the ground of the forests and grasslands of North America. These cozy burrows are not only their homes, but also their safe spots from predators like hawks, owls, and weasels. Wow, it sure sounds like they lead busy lives in their homes, doesn't it?

Well, when they aren't busy building, they're usually out foraging for food. Their diet mainly consists of green vegetation, seeds, and occasionally small insects. They're pretty important to the ecosystem, as they help in the decomposition of organic material and plant dispersal. But don't worry, they're not pests! In fact, they don't have any significant negative impact on human activities.

While we humans may not interact much with these voles, they certainly play a crucial role in the food chain. They're a vital source of food for many of the larger animals and help to control the population of insects and plants by eating them. And guess what? Unlike many other animals, the female voles are the ones who establish and defend the territory! So, remember, every creature, no matter how small, has its own important role in our big, beautiful world.



#### Solve each problem.

	the article to answer the question.		
1)	How long is the tail of the long-tailed vole? A. Longer than its body	R	Same as the body length
	C. Shorter than its body		Half of its body
2)		<b>.</b>	, stom 2
2)	What is the role of long-tailed voles in the eco A. Pollinators of flowers	-	Help in the decomposition of organic
		р.	material and plant dispersal
	C. Regulate climate and weather	D.	Serve as food for larger animals
3)	Who establishes and defends the territory in t	he c	case of long-tailed voles?
	A. Male voles	B.	Female voles
	C. Younger voles	D.	Older voles
4)	Where do long-tailed voles make their homes	?	
	A. In caves	В.	In shrubs
	C. In trees	D.	In the ground
5)	What color is the fur of a long-tailed vole?		
	A. Grey with white stripes	B.	Black with spots
	C. Red	D.	Brown
6)	Who are some of the known predators of the	long	g-tailed vole?
·	A. Snakes, Frogs, and Spiders	B.	Hawks, owls, and weasels
	C. Cats, Dogs, and Foxes	D.	Lions, Tigers, and Bears
7)	What is the purpose of the sharp, tiny claws of	of th	e long-tailed voles?
	A. To help them dig and climb	B.	To help them run and sprint
	C. To help them fly and hover	D.	To help them swim and jump
8)	What does the long-tailed vole mainly eat?		
,	A. Meat, fish, and bird eggs	B.	Fruits, nuts, and berries
	C. Grains, cereal, and bread	D.	Green vegetation, seeds, and insects
9)	Are long-tailed voles pests?		
- )	A. No, they do not have any significant	B.	Yes, they spread diseases
	negative impact on human activities		
	C. Yes, they damage crops and property	D.	Yes, they eat household items
10)	What is the size of a long-tailed vole?		
	A. As small as a mouse	B.	As big as a cat
	C. About the size of your hand	D.	About the size of a dog

## Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "You know what I eat? Mostly green stuff and seeds, with a few insects sometimes."

	Long-tailed Vole	Name:	Answer Key			
12)	"I make my home underground."					
13)	"You can find me mostly in forests and grasslands in North America."					
14)	"I prefer living in hot, desert environments."					
15)	"I'm not a pest, in fact, I don't really have any negative impact on humans."					
<b>16</b> )	"Predators? We don't have any! We're the kings of the animal kingdom."					
17)	"With my tiny claws, I can dig and climb trees too!"					
18)	"I may look like a normal mouse, but I don't have a tail!"					
19)	"Insects? Yuck! I'm more of a meat lover."					
20)	"I avoid forests and grasslands as they are too dangerous."					
Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.						

- 21) The diet of long-tailed voles mainly consists of green vegetation and seeds.
- **22)** It's pretty impressive that long-tailed voles can survive when being targeted by hawks, owls, and weasels.
- 23) Predators of long-tailed voles include hawks, owls, and weasels.
- 24) The fact that long-tailed voles have a territory is interesting.
- **25**) Long-tailed voles use their claws to climb.
- 26) Long-tailed voles are cuter than other animals because they have tiny ears.
- 27) The female long-tailed voles establish and defend their territory.
- 28) Long-tailed voles build their homes in the forests and grasslands of North America.
- **29)** It's amazing that long-tailed voles are able to build their own homes.
- **30)** It's really cool that long-tailed voles can be found in both grasslands and forests.

### Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **31**) Long-tailed voles have sharp claws.
- 32) Long-tailed voles are classified as pests because they destroy gardens and crops.
- **33)** Long-tailed voles mainly eat green vegetation and seeds.
- 34) The diet of a long-tailed vole is primarily made up of meat.
- **35**) Long-tailed will eat insects.
- **36)** Long-tailed voles can only be found in forests.
- **37)** Male voles establish and defend territory.
- **38)** Baby voles live in high up trees after they are born.
- **39)** Female voles establish and defend the territory.
- **40**) Long-tailed voles make their homes in the ground.

## Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- 41) Long-tailed voles have a keen sense of smell that they use to find food.
- 42) What is the natural habitat of long-tailed voles?
- **43)** Long-tailed voles build intricate underground burrows to live in.



Name: Answer Key

44) Long-tailed voles are small rodents that live in grassy areas.

- **45**) What predators do long-tailed voles have?
- **46**) Are long-tailed voles nocturnal?

			Long-tailed V	ole	Name:	Answer 1	Key
1.	A	26.	opinion				
2.	В	27.	fact				
3.	В	28.	fact				
4.	<b>D</b>	29.	opinion				
5.	<b>D</b>	30.	opinion				
6.	В	31.	true				
7.	A	32.	false				
8.	<b>D</b>	33.	true				
9.	A	34.	false				
10.	C	35.	true				
11.	true	36.	false				
12.	true	37.	false				
13.	true	38.	false				
14.	false	39.	true				
15.	true	40.	true				
16.	false	41.	declarative				
17.	true	42.	interrogative				
18.	false	43.	declarative				
19.	false	44.	declarative				
20.	false	45.	interrogative				
21.	fact	46.	interrogative				
22.	opinion						
23.	fact						
24.	opinion						
25.	fact						
	Reading www.CommonCoreSheets.com Page 4 of 4						

		Long-tailed Vole	Name:				
Solv	e each problem.						
Use	the article to answer the quest	ion.					
1)	How long is the tail of the long-	tailed vole? (paragraph 1)					
	A. Longer than its body	B. Same as the body ler	ıgth				
	C.	D.					
2)	What is the role of long-tailed voles in the ecosystem? (paragraph 3)						
	A. Pollinators of flowers	B. Help in the decompo	sition of organic				
		material and plant di	spersal				
	C.	D.					
3)	3) Who establishes and defends the territory in the case of long-tailed voles? (paragrap						
	А.	B. Female voles					
	C.	D.					
4)	Where do long-tailed voles make	te their homes? (paragraph 2)					
	A. In caves	В.					
	C.	D. In the ground					
5)	What color is the fur of a long-	ailed vole? (paragraph 1)					
-)	А.	B. Black with spots					
	С.	D. Brown					
6)	Who are some of the known pre	edators of the long-tailed vole? (paragraph 2	2)				
0)	A.	B. Hawks, owls, and we					
	С.	D.					
7)	What is the purpose of the shar	o, tiny claws of the long-tailed voles? (p.	are arough 1)				
')	A. To help them dig and climb		aragraph 1)				
	C.	D.					
<b>Q</b> )	What does the long toiled yeld	mainly act?					
8)	What does the long-tailed vole A. Meat, fish, and bird eggs	B. Fruits, nuts, and berr	ies				
	C.	D. Green vegetation, see					
0		-	,				
9)	Are long-tailed voles pests? (para A. No, they do not have any si						
	negative impact on human a		2855				
	C.	D.					
10)	What is the size of a large to the						
10)	What is the size of a long-tailed A. As small as a mouse	VOIE? (paragraph 1) B.					
	<ul><li>C. About the size of your hand</li></ul>						

### Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).



- 11) "You know what I eat? Mostly green stuff and seeds, with a few insects sometimes." (paragraph 3)
- 12) "I make my home underground." (paragraph 2)