Get ready to meet a super cool reptile, the Scarlet King Snake! This sleek animal is a real beauty with its shiny black, red, and yellow bands that spiral around its body. It's not very big, only about 20 inches long, which is about as long as two rulers lined up end to end. By the



way, those bright colors aren't just for show, they're also a warning to other creatures to stay away.

Speaking of other creatures, let's see what our striped friend likes to munch on. Scarlet King Snakes are carnivores, which means they eat meat. Their menu mainly consists of other small animals like lizards, rodents, and especially other snakes! They are constrictors, which means they wrap their bodies around their prey to catch them.

After lunch, these snakes like to chill in their homes, which are mostly in the southeastern United States. They love hanging out in pine and hardwood forests, under rocks, or in leaf litter. When it's time to have babies, female Scarlet King Snakes lay eggs and the babies are on their own once they hatch. These little snakes grow up to live for about 20 years!



While these snakes might seem scary, they're actually pretty harmless to humans. In fact, they're often mistaken for the venomous coral snake, but you can tell them apart because the red bands on a Scarlet King Snake touch the black bands, not the yellow ones! They also play an important role in our ecosystem by controlling the population of rodents and other pests. So, next time you see a Scarlet

King Snake, remember, it's just doing its part to keep nature in balance.



Scarlet King Snake

		5 51					
Solv	e each problem.						
Use	the article to answer the question.						
1)	What does a Scarlet King Snake eat?						
	A. Fish and turtles		Plants and fruits				
	C. Small animals	D.	Birds and their eggs				
2)	Why are Scarlet King Snakes often mistaker	n for	coral snakes?				
	A. Because of the similar red, black, and yellow bands	В.	Because they live in similar areas				
	C. Because of their size	D.	Because they have similar markings on their heads				
3)	Which place would you be most likely to fir	nd a S	Scarlet King Snake?				
	A. Lakes		Deserts				
	C. Rivers	D.	Forests				
4)	How long do Scarlet King Snakes usually li	ve?					
<b>-</b> )	A. About 50 years		About 20 years				
	C. About 5 years		About 100 years				
-		0					
5)	How do Scarlet King Snakes catch their pre A. By wrapping their bodies around	-	By stalking them silently				
	them	_					
	C. By chasing them at high speed	D.	By swooping down from trees				
6)	6) Where are the homes of the Scarlet King Snakes mostly located in the U.S?						
	A. In the northeastern United States	В.	In the southwestern United States				
	C. In the southeastern United States	D.	In the northwestern United States				
7)	What happens when baby Scarlet King Snak	kes ha	atch?				
,	A. They hibernate immediately after		They are on their own				
	hatching						
	C. They are taken care of by their	D.	They live in nests with other baby				
	parents		snakes				
8)	How long is a scarlet king snake?						
	A. About 2 feet		About 20 inches				
	C. About 3.5 feet	D.	About 10 inches				
9)	What is the role of Scarlet King Snakes in th	ne eco	osystem?				
,	A. Controlling the population of rodents and other pests		Pollinating flowers				
	C. Spreading seeds	D.	Cleaning the environment				
10)	What kind of diet do Scarlet King Snakes ha	ave?					
10)	A. Omnivores		Carnivores				
	C. Herbivores		Insectivores				

Page 2 of 5

# Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- 11) "I'm so tiny, about the size of your thumb."
- 12) "My home is mainly in the southeastern United States. I like to hang out in pine and hardwood forests, under rocks, or in leaf litter."
- 13) "I do not lay eggs. I give birth to live babies."
- 14) "I am a vegetarian. I just love to munch on leaves and branches."
- 15) "You might think I'm scary, but I'm actually harmless to humans."
- 16) "You know, my main diet consists of fruits and vegetables."
- 17) "I like to wrap around my prey, tightening my body like a rope, until my dinner is all mine."
- **18**) "Guess what? I'm a carnivore, which means I eat meat. Other small animals like lizards, rodents, and even other snakes are on my menu."
- **19)** "You'll find me basking in the snow on top of mountains."
- 20) "I'm a venomous snake. You won't want to mess with me."
- 21) "These bright colors on my body are like a warning sign to other animals, they know not to mess with me!"

## Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 22) The Scarlet King Snake generally lives in the southeastern parts of the United States.
- **23**) It is astonishing how similar the pattern is of a Scarlet King Snakes to the venomous coral snake.
- 24) The Scarlet King Snake is often confused with the venomous coral snake as both have similar color patterns.
- **25)** It's surprising that a snake as small as the Scarlet King Snake can eat other snakes.
- **26)** The Scarlet King Snake is a carnivore and mainly feeds on other small animals and sometimes, other snakes.
- **27)** It is surprising that Scarlet King Snakes can live for about 20 years.
- **28)** Young scarlet king snakes are on their own as soon as they hatch.
- **29**) The Scarlet King Snake lives for an average of 20 years.
- **30)** Scarlet King Snakes are the most beautiful of all snake species because of their shiny black, red, and yellow bands.
- **31**) Watching Scarlet King Snakes eat their prey is a bit scary, but also fascinating.

## Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **32)** Scarlet King Snakes lay eggs.
- **33**) Scarlet King Snakes only live for about 5 years.
- **34)** Scarlet King Snakes are not venomous.
- **35)** Female Scarlet King Snakes do not lay eggs.
- **36**) Scarlet King Snakes will eat other snakes.
- **37**) The Scarlet King Snake's bright colors are for attracting mates.



- **38)** Scarlet King Snakes are herbivores.
- **39)** Scarlet King Snakes are venomous.
- **40)** Scarlet King Snakes are usually found in forests.
- 41) Scarlet King Snakes are about 20 inches long.

# Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **42)** Scarlet king snakes are often confused with coral snakes, but they have different patterns and colors.
- **43**) What colors are scarlet king snakes?
- 44) Scarlet king snakes can be found in the southeastern United States.
- **45**) Scarlet king snakes have red, black, and yellow bands on their bodies.
- **46**) Are scarlet king snakes venomous?
- **47)** How long do scarlet king snakes live?

	Scarlet King Sna	North	
	Scarlet King Sha	ke Nam	
1 26.			
2 27.			
3 28.			
4 29.			
5 30.			
6 31.			
7 32.			
8 33.			
9 34.			
10 35.			
11 36.			
12 37.			
13 38.			
14 39.			
15. 40.			
16 41.			
17. 42.			
18 43.			
19 44.			
20. 45.			
21. 46.			
22. 47.			
23.			
24.			
25.			
Deading	nonCoreSheets.com	Page 5 of 5	

Get ready to meet a super cool reptile, the Scarlet King Snake! This sleek animal is a real beauty with its shiny black, red, and yellow bands that spiral around its body. It's not very big, only about 20 inches long, which is about as long as two rulers lined up end to end. By the



way, those bright colors aren't just for show, they're also a warning to other creatures to stay away.

Speaking of other creatures, let's see what our striped friend likes to munch on. Scarlet King Snakes are carnivores, which means they eat meat. Their menu mainly consists of other small animals like lizards, rodents, and especially other snakes! They are constrictors, which means they wrap their bodies around their prey to catch them.

After lunch, these snakes like to chill in their homes, which are mostly in the southeastern United States. They love hanging out in pine and hardwood forests, under rocks, or in leaf litter. When it's time to have babies, female Scarlet King Snakes lay eggs and the babies are on their own once they hatch. These little snakes grow up to live for about 20 years!



While these snakes might seem scary, they're actually pretty harmless to humans. In fact, they're often mistaken for the venomous coral snake, but you can tell them apart because the red bands on a Scarlet King Snake touch the black bands, not the yellow ones! They also play an important role in our ecosystem by controlling the population of rodents and other pests. So, next time you see a Scarlet

King Snake, remember, it's just doing its part to keep nature in balance.



#### Solve each problem.

SUIV	e each problem.									
	<b>the article to answer the question.</b> What does a Scarlet King Snake eat?									
	A. Fish and turtles	B.	Plants and fruits							
	C. Small animals	D.	Birds and their eggs							
2)	Why are Scarlet King Snakes often mistaken for coral snakes?									
-	A. Because of the similar red, black, and yellow bands	Because they live in similar areas								
	C. Because of their size	D.	Because they have similar markings on their heads							
3)	Which place would you be most likely to find a Scarlet King Snake?									
-)	A. Lakes		Deserts							
	C. Rivers	D.	Forests							
4)	How long do Scarlet King Snakes usually live?									
,	A. About 50 years		About 20 years							
	C. About 5 years	D.	About 100 years							
5)	How do Scarlet King Snakes catch their prey	?								
- )	A. By wrapping their bodies around them		By stalking them silently							
	C. By chasing them at high speed	D.	By swooping down from trees							
6)	Where are the homes of the Scarlet King Snakes mostly located in the U.S?									
	A. In the northeastern United States		In the southwestern United States							
	C. In the southeastern United States	D.	In the northwestern United States							
7)	What happens when baby Scarlet King Snake	es ha	atch?							
,	A. They hibernate immediately after hatching	They are on their own								
	C. They are taken care of by their parents	D.	They live in nests with other baby snakes							
8)	How long is a scarlet king snake?									
0)	A. About 2 feet	B.	About 20 inches							
	C. About 3.5 feet	D.	About 10 inches							
<b>9</b> )	What is the role of Scarlet King Snakes in the	eco	osystem?							
")	A. Controlling the population of rodents		Pollinating flowers							
	and other pests									
	C. Spreading seeds	D.	Cleaning the environment							
10)	What kind of diet do Scarlet King Snakes have	ve?								
	A. Omnivores	B.	Carnivores							
	C. Herbivores	D.	Insectivores							

## Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- 11) "I'm so tiny, about the size of your thumb."
- **12)** "My home is mainly in the southeastern United States. I like to hang out in pine and hardwood forests, under rocks, or in leaf litter."
- 13) "I do not lay eggs. I give birth to live babies."
- 14) "I am a vegetarian. I just love to munch on leaves and branches."
- 15) "You might think I'm scary, but I'm actually harmless to humans."
- 16) "You know, my main diet consists of fruits and vegetables."
- 17) "I like to wrap around my prey, tightening my body like a rope, until my dinner is all mine."
- **18**) "Guess what? I'm a carnivore, which means I eat meat. Other small animals like lizards, rodents, and even other snakes are on my menu."
- **19**) "You'll find me basking in the snow on top of mountains."
- 20) "I'm a venomous snake. You won't want to mess with me."
- 21) "These bright colors on my body are like a warning sign to other animals, they know not to mess with me!"

#### Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 22) The Scarlet King Snake generally lives in the southeastern parts of the United States.
- **23**) It is astonishing how similar the pattern is of a Scarlet King Snakes to the venomous coral snake.
- **24)** The Scarlet King Snake is often confused with the venomous coral snake as both have similar color patterns.
- 25) It's surprising that a snake as small as the Scarlet King Snake can eat other snakes.
- **26)** The Scarlet King Snake is a carnivore and mainly feeds on other small animals and sometimes, other snakes.
- 27) It is surprising that Scarlet King Snakes can live for about 20 years.
- **28)** Young scarlet king snakes are on their own as soon as they hatch.
- **29**) The Scarlet King Snake lives for an average of 20 years.
- **30)** Scarlet King Snakes are the most beautiful of all snake species because of their shiny black, red, and yellow bands.
- **31**) Watching Scarlet King Snakes eat their prey is a bit scary, but also fascinating.

#### Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **32**) Scarlet King Snakes lay eggs.
- **33)** Scarlet King Snakes only live for about 5 years.
- **34)** Scarlet King Snakes are not venomous.
- **35)** Female Scarlet King Snakes do not lay eggs.
- **36)** Scarlet King Snakes will eat other snakes.
- 37) The Scarlet King Snake's bright colors are for attracting mates.



- **38**) Scarlet King Snakes are herbivores.
- **39**) Scarlet King Snakes are venomous.
- **40)** Scarlet King Snakes are usually found in forests.
- 41) Scarlet King Snakes are about 20 inches long.

# Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **42)** Scarlet king snakes are often confused with coral snakes, but they have different patterns and colors.
- **43**) What colors are scarlet king snakes?
- 44) Scarlet king snakes can be found in the southeastern United States.
- 45) Scarlet king snakes have red, black, and yellow bands on their bodies.
- **46**) Are scarlet king snakes venomous?
- 47) How long do scarlet king snakes live?

			Scarlet King Sn	ake	Name:	Answer Key
1.	C	26.	fact			
2.	A	27.	opinion			
3.	D	28.	fact			
4.	В	29.	fact			
5.	A	30.	opinion			
6.	<u> </u>	31.	opinion			
7.	<u> </u>	32.	true			
8.	B	33.	false			
9.	A	34.	true			
10.	<u> </u>	35.	false			
11.	false	36.	true			
12.	true	37.	false			
13.	false	38.	false			
14.	false	39.	false			
15.	true	40.	true			
16.	false	41.	true			
17.	true	42.	declarative			
18.	true	43.	interrogative			
19.	false	44.	declarative			
20.	false	45.	declarative			
21.	true	46.	interrogative			
22.	fact	47.	interrogative			
23.	opinion					
24.	fact					
25.	opinion					
		ww.Commo	nCoreSheets.com	Page 4 of 4		

	Sc	arlet King Snake	Name:								
Solv	e each problem.	0									
Use	Use the article to answer the question.										
	1) What does a Scarlet King Snake eat? (paragraph 2)										
	A. Fish and turtles	В.									
	C. Small animals	D.									
2)	<ul><li>Why are Scarlet King Snakes ofte</li><li>A. Because of the similar red, bla</li><li>yellow bands</li></ul>	n mistaken for coral snakes? (paragrap ack, and B.	h 4)								
	С.	D.									
3)	Which place would you be most l	ikely to find a Scarlet King Snake?	(paragraph 3)								
	A. Lakes	В.									
	С.	D. Forests									
4)	How long do Scarlet King Snakes	usually live? (paragraph 3)									
	А.	B. About 20 years									
	C.	D.									
5)	How do Scarlet King Snakes catc	h their prey? (paragraph 2)									
	A. By wrapping their bodies arou them	B. By stalking them si	lently								
	С.	D.									
6)	Where are the homes of the Scarle	et King Snakes mostly located in the	e U.S? (paragraph 3)								
	A. In the northeastern United Sta	tes B.									
	C. In the southeastern United Sta	ttes D.									
7)	What happens when baby Scarlet	King Snakes hatch? (paragraph 3)									
	A. They hibernate immediately a hatching	fter B. They are on their o	wn								
	С.	D.									
8)	How long is a scarlet king snake?	(paragraph 1)									
	А.	B. About 20 inches									
	С.	D.									
9)	What is the role of Scarlet King S	nakes in the ecosystem? (paragraph 4)									
,	A. Controlling the population of and other pests	-									
	C.	D.									

10) What kind of diet do Scarlet King Snakes have? (paragraph 2) A. Omnivores B. Carnivores C. D.

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).



Scarlet King Snake

- 11) "I'm so tiny, about the size of your thumb." (paragraph 1)
- **12)** "My home is mainly in the southeastern United States. I like to hang out in pine and hardwood forests, under rocks, or in leaf litter." (paragraph 3)

1-10	92	83	75	67	58	50	42	33	25	17
11-12	8	0								